

Haja Luz nas Escolas



O Mundo das Comunicações Ópticas

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Inovação



instituto de
telecomunicações

creating and sharing knowledge for telecommunications

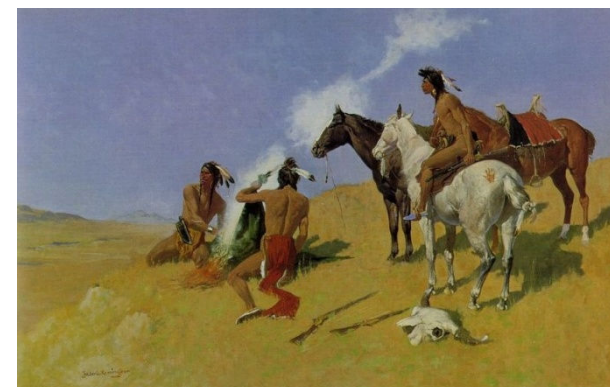
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Comunicando através da luz

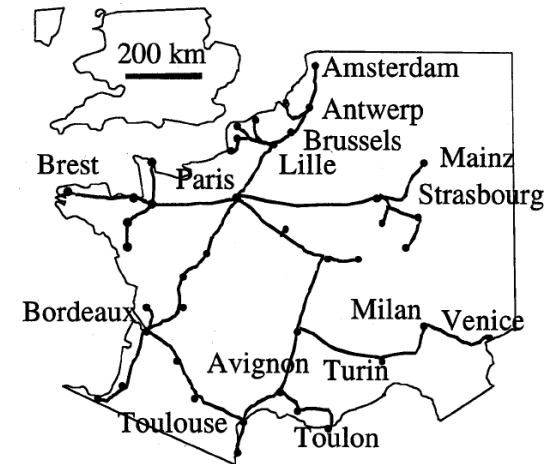


- 850 AC- Torres de Fogo (Grécia antiga).

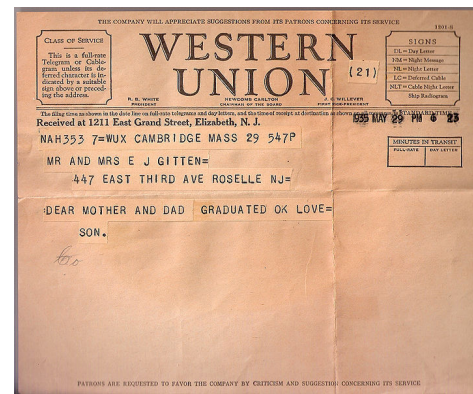
- Sinais de fumo (Índios Americanos).



- 1791 – Semáforos de Chappes (França - Durante o império Napoleónico).



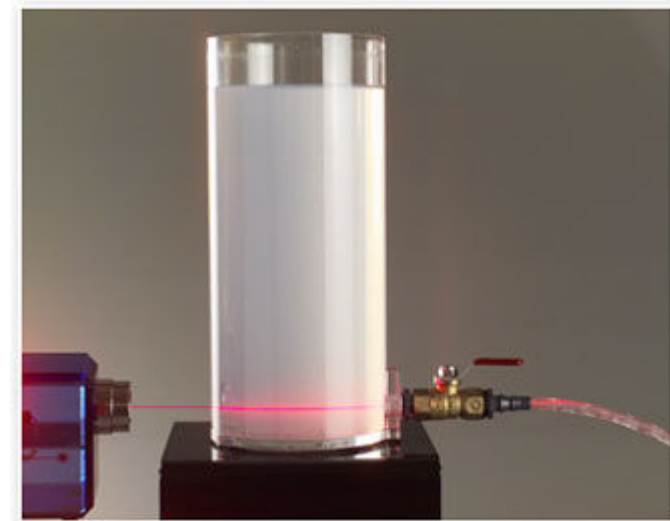
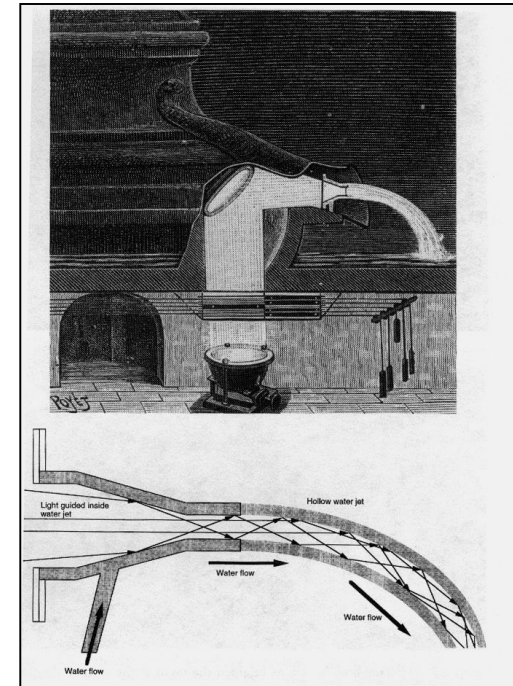
- 1840 - Samuel Morse Inventa o telégrafo.



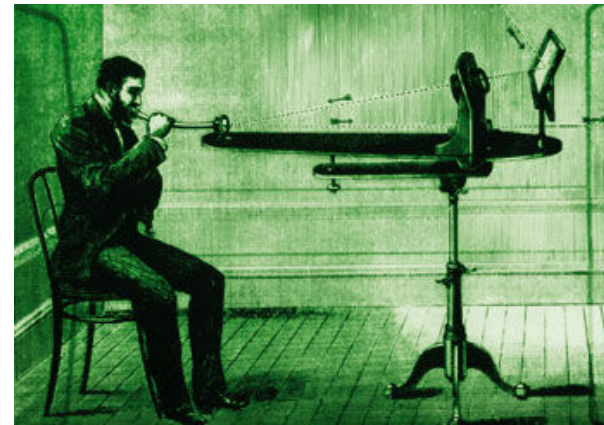
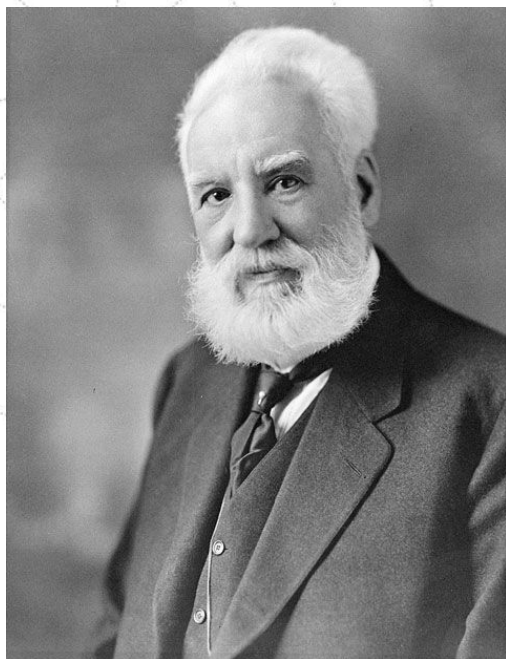
•1841 - *Daniel Colladon* demonstra a guiagem de luz em jatos de água.

•1870 - *Tyndall* observa a guiagem de luz em jatos de água.

•1878 - Primeira central telefónica.



- *Graham Bell* patenteia, em 1889, o “photofone”, que usa espelhos para transmitir a voz através de reflectores.



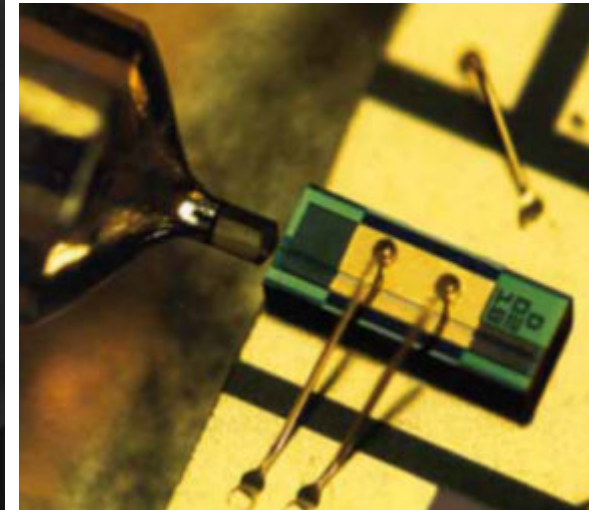
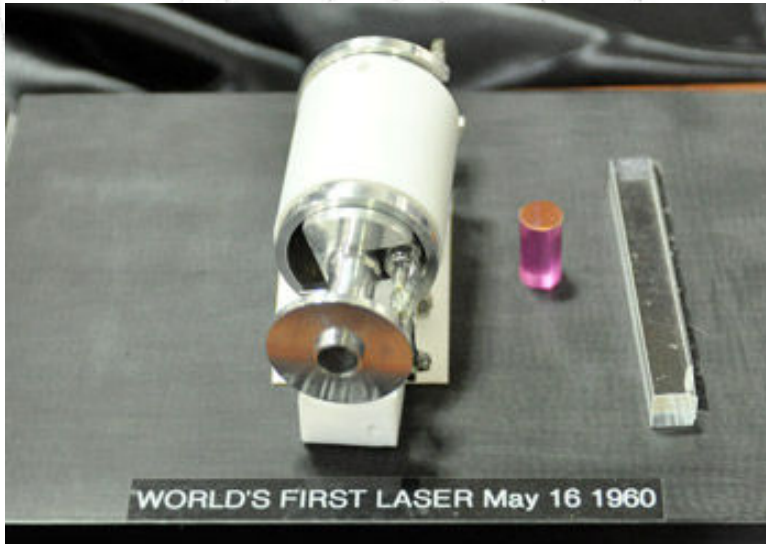
- Problemas: dependem do homem, linha de vista, condições atmosféricas, etc.

1899 - *Marconi* realiza uma comunicação por rádio.



1956 - Primeiro cabo coaxial, permitia 36 chamadas telefônicas.

1960 - *Theodore Maiman* demonstra o primeiro laser de Ruby.



1962 - Vários grupos de I&D desenvolvem simultaneamente o primeiro laser semiconductor.

1965 – Primeiro satélite de telecomunicações, 240 chamadas telefônicas.



1961/66 - *Kao* e *Snitzer* concebem as comunicações por fibras ópticas monomodo de baixa atenuação.



1970 - Primeiro laser de semiconductor a funcionar à temperatura ambiente, *Hayashi* e *Panish*.

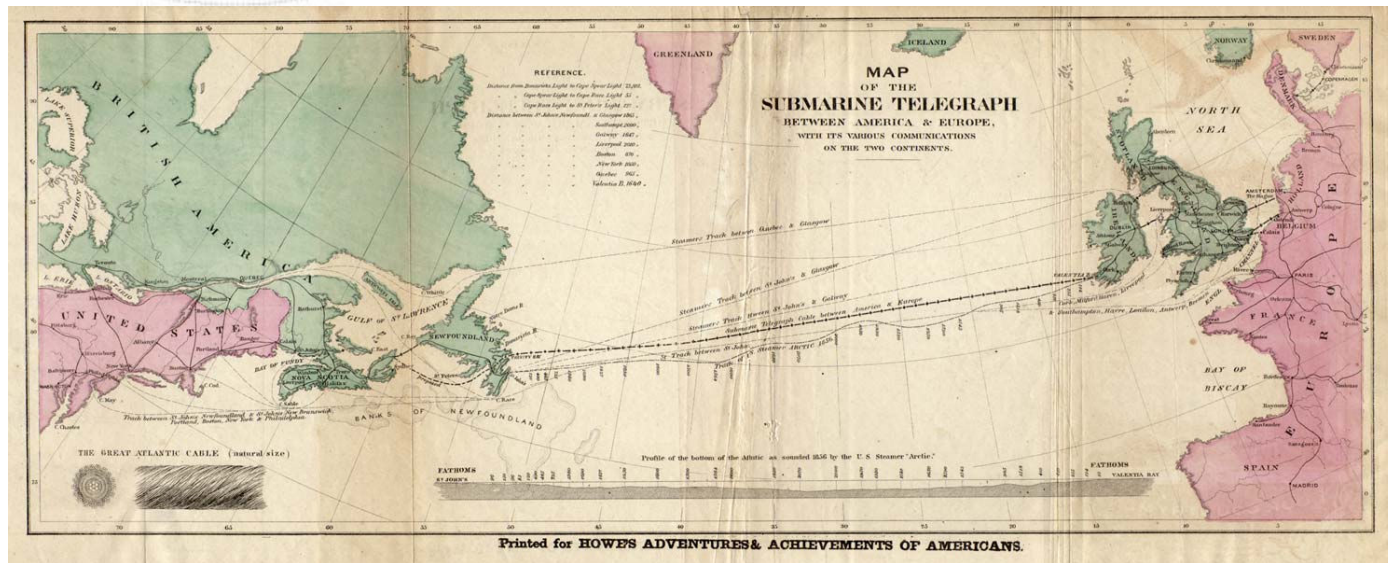


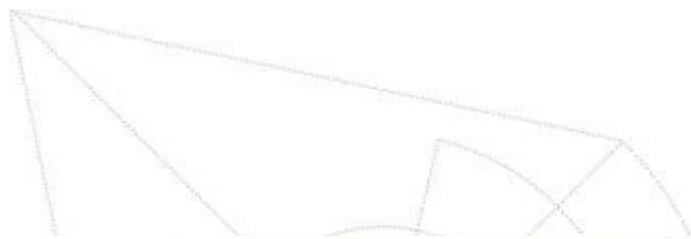
1971 - Produção comercial de fibra ótica pela *Corning*, *Keck*, *Maurer* e *Schultz*.

Abril 1977 - Primeira ligação de fibra com tráfego telefónico - GTE Long Beach, 6 Mb/s.

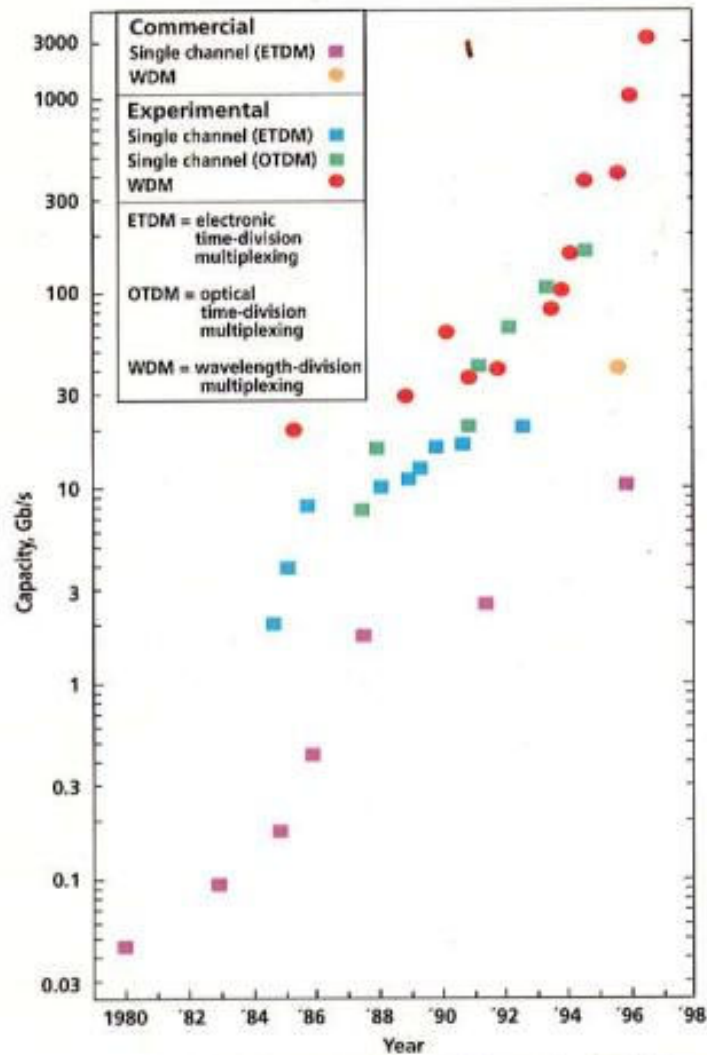
Maior 1977 - Primeira ligação da Bell (comercial), 45 Mb/s.

1988 - UK e USA ligados pelo primeiro cabo transatlântico em fibra ótica: (TAT-8), permitia 4,000 chamadas telefónicas.





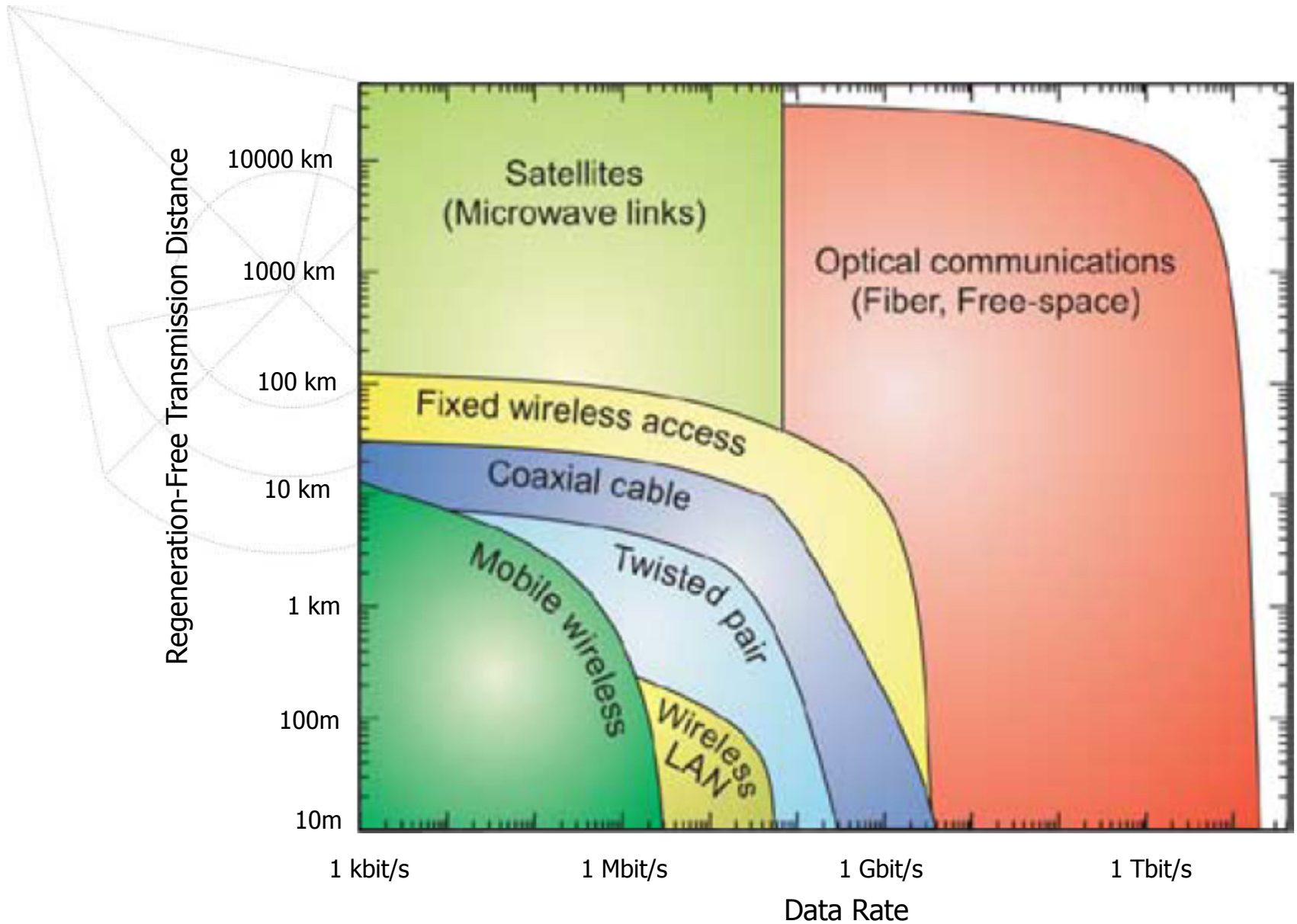
1989- Amplificadores de fibra dopada com Érbio, *Desurvire, Giles, Payne*.



Source: Tingye Li, AT&T Research Laboratories; Alan E. Willner



2005 – Sistemas a 40 Gbit/s (A enciclopédia Britânica pode ser transmitida em 0.7 s). 10 milhões de chamadas telefônicas por cada canal.



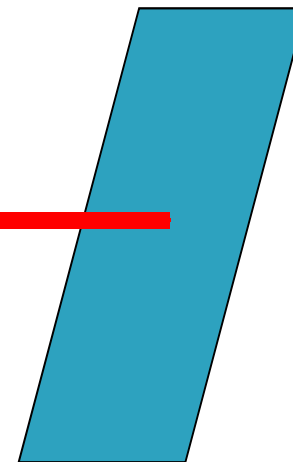
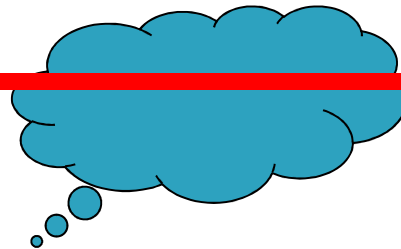
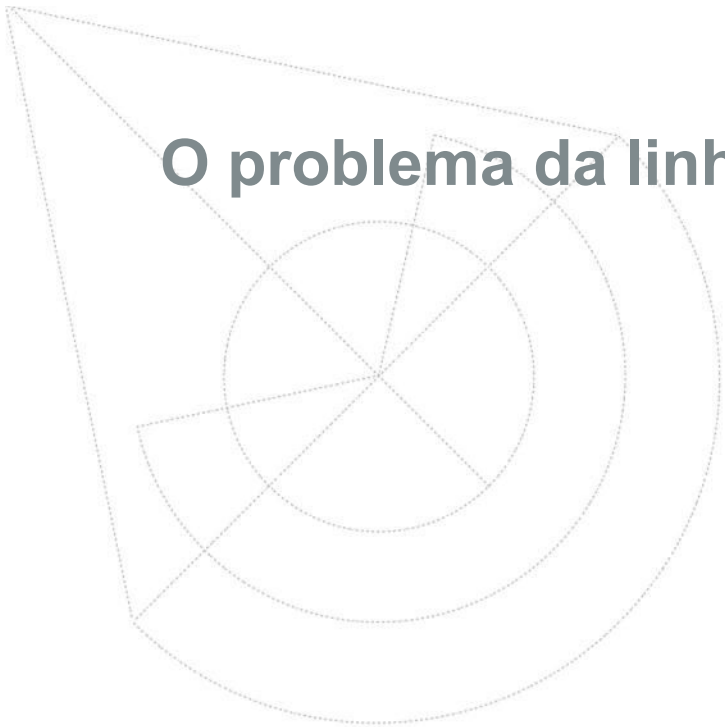
Proc. IEEE 2006 Winzer et al

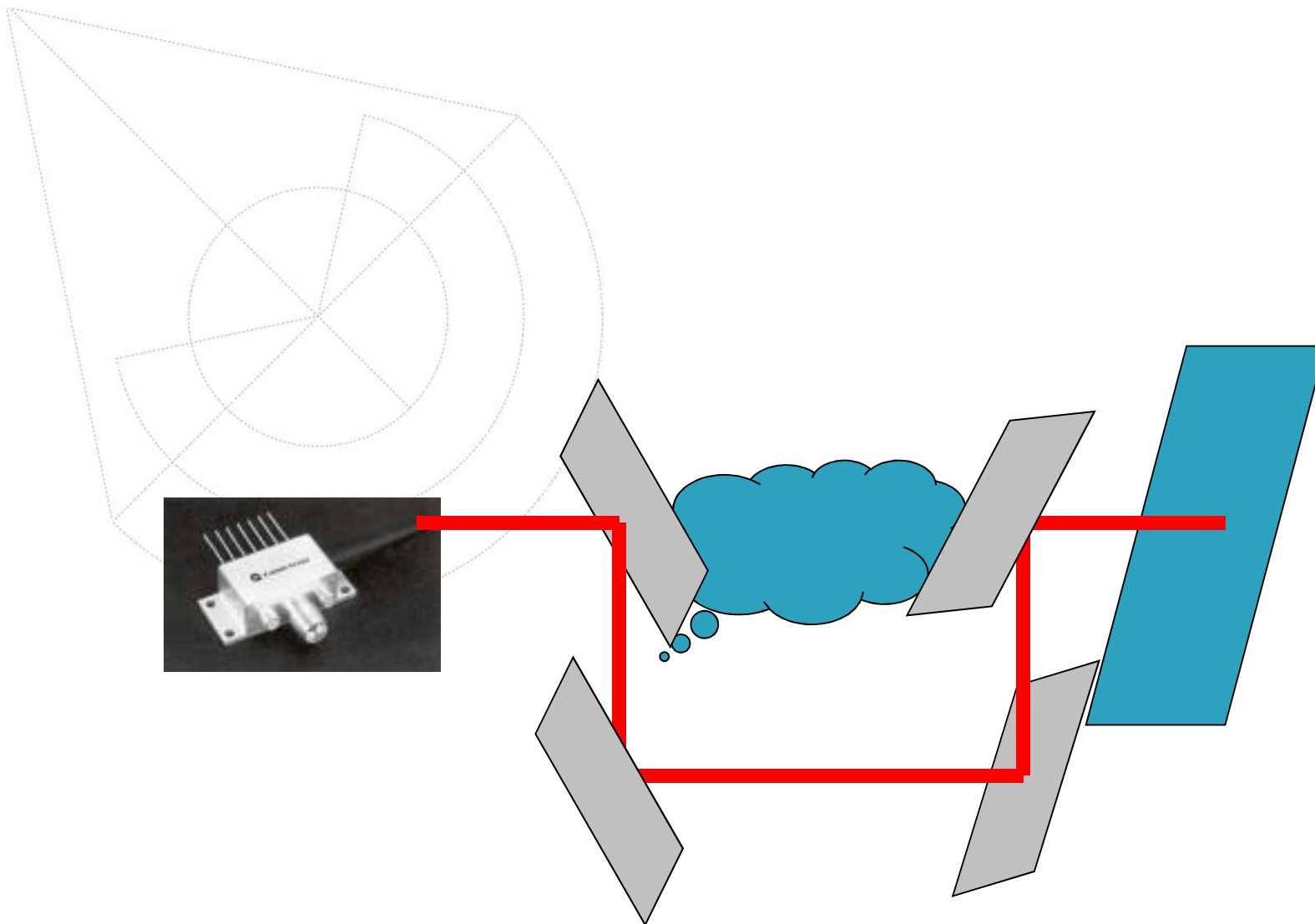
Meio de transporte



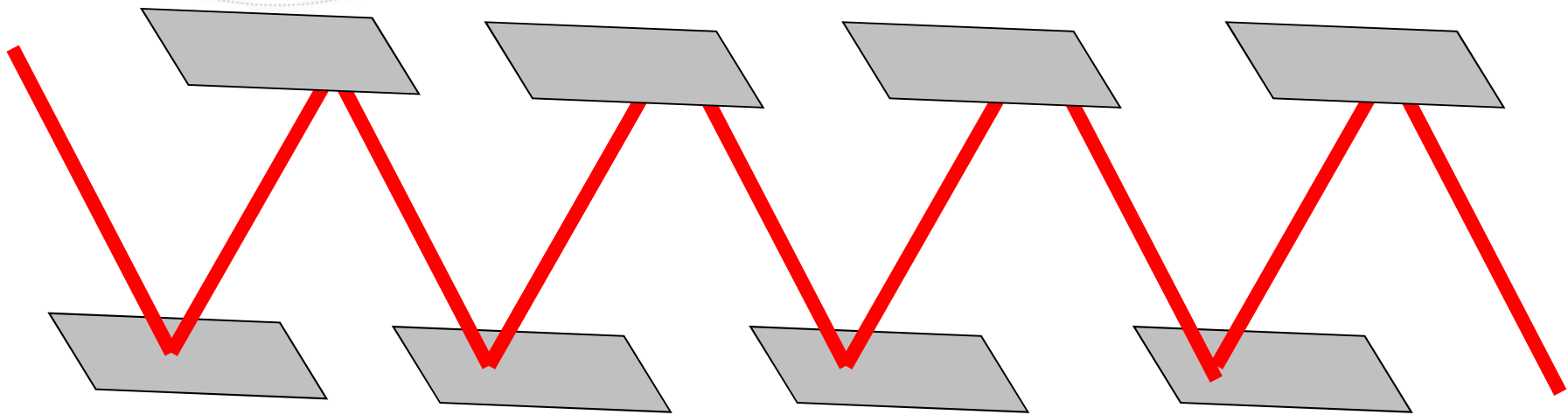
0.1-1 km

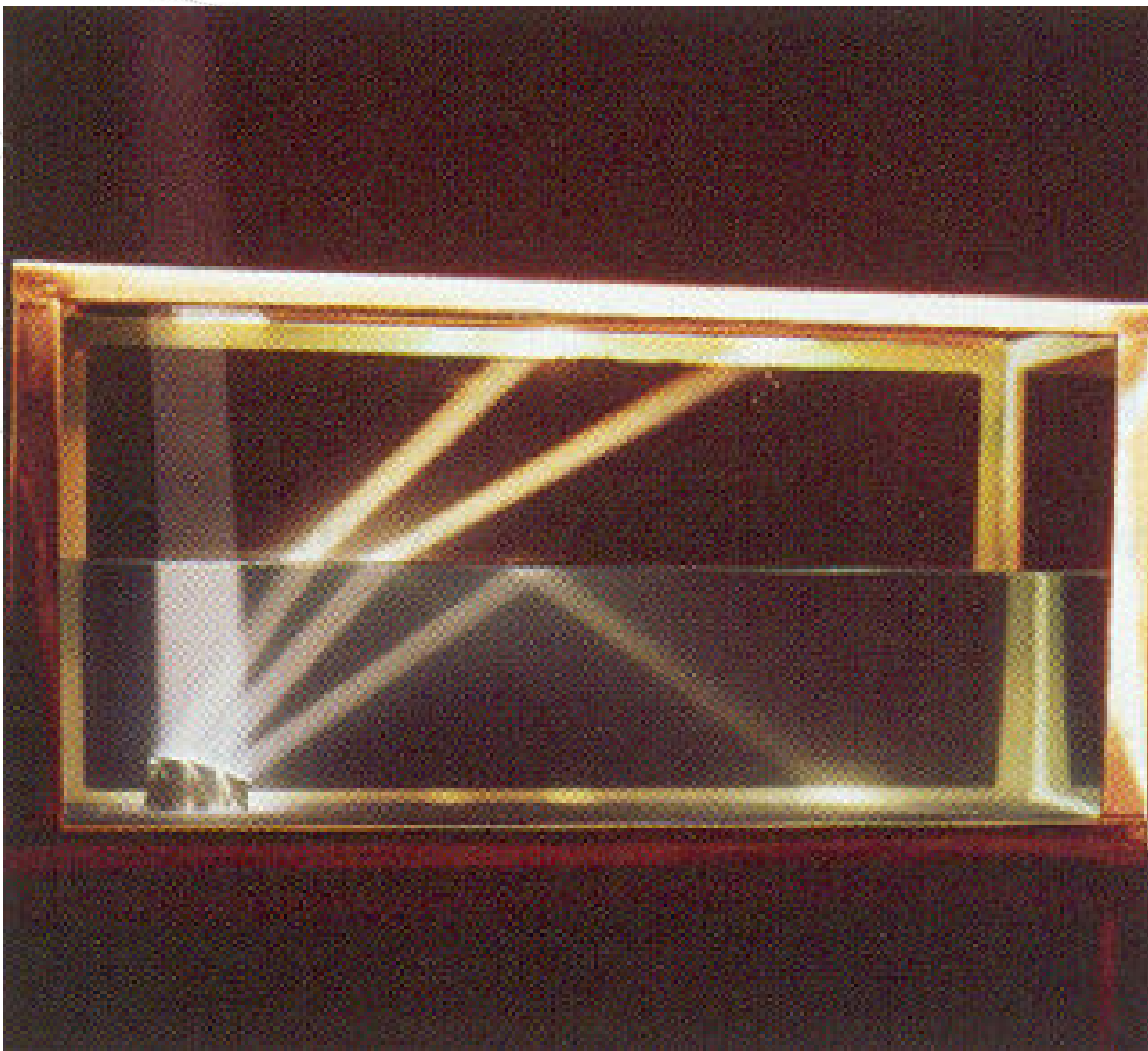
O problema da linha de vista





- Para contornar múltiplos objectos teremos que ter múltiplos espelhos...





Porquê usar fibras ópticas ?



- Elevada largura de banda (muita informação em pouco tempo).
- Baixo preço (30 € / km \approx 6\$00 / m).
- Transmissão a longa distância (>10 000 km).

Qual a velocidade da informação na fibra óptica ?

É a velocidade da luz no vácuo (300 000 km/s) a dividir pelo índice de refração do vidro (1.5).

~ 200 000 km/s.

Se considerarmos uma fibra óptica colocada sobre o equador e a dar 5 voltas à Terra, a luz levaria 1 segundo a percorrer essa fibra.



- **Atenuação do sinal na fibra óptica**

1960 - 20 dB/km, ou seja, a luz reduz a potência para metade, em cada 150 m.

1974 - 3 dB/km, ou seja, metade da potência em cada 1 km.

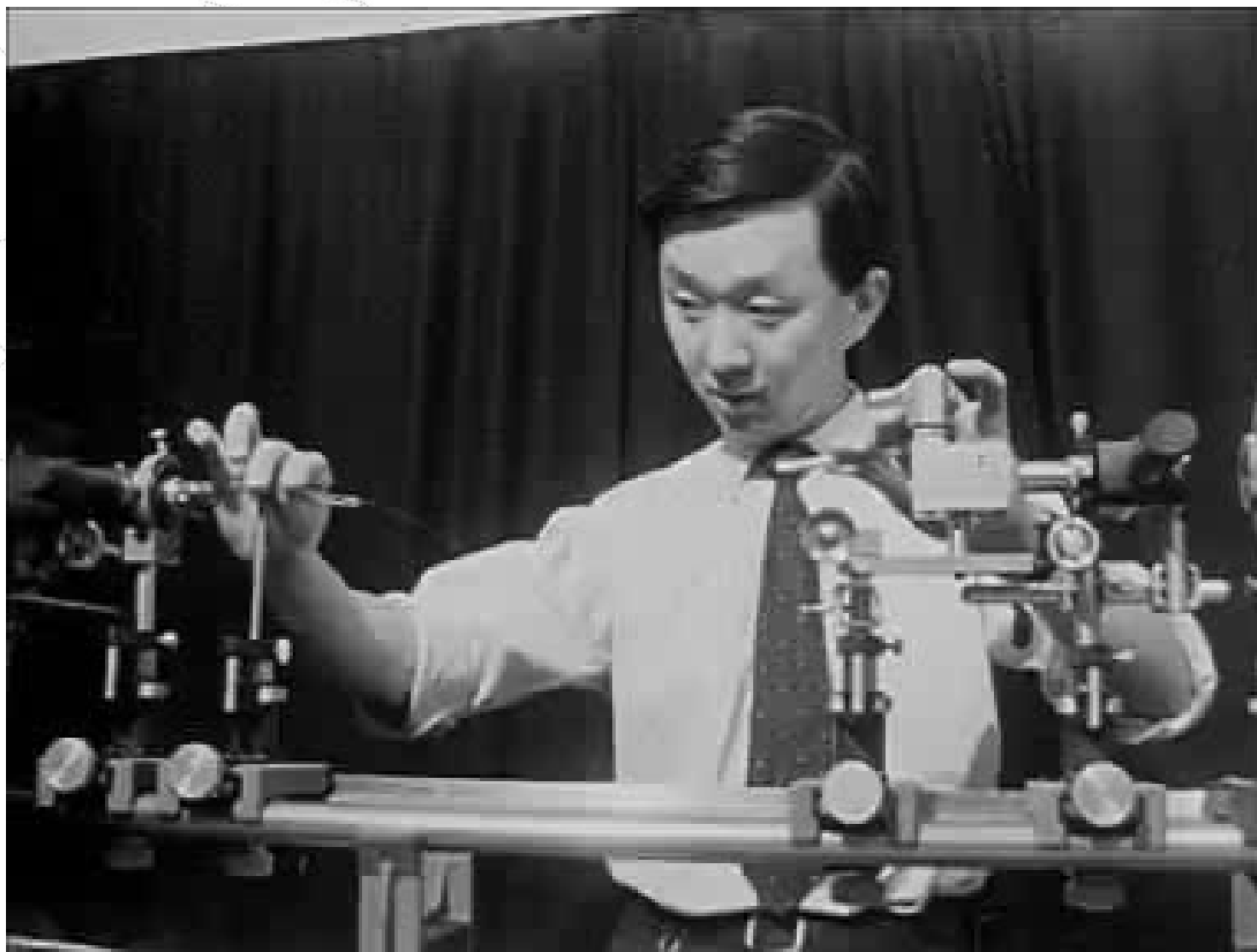
1980 - fibras actuais, 0.2 dB/km, metade da potência, em cada 15 km.

Utilização de fibras ópticas para comunicações

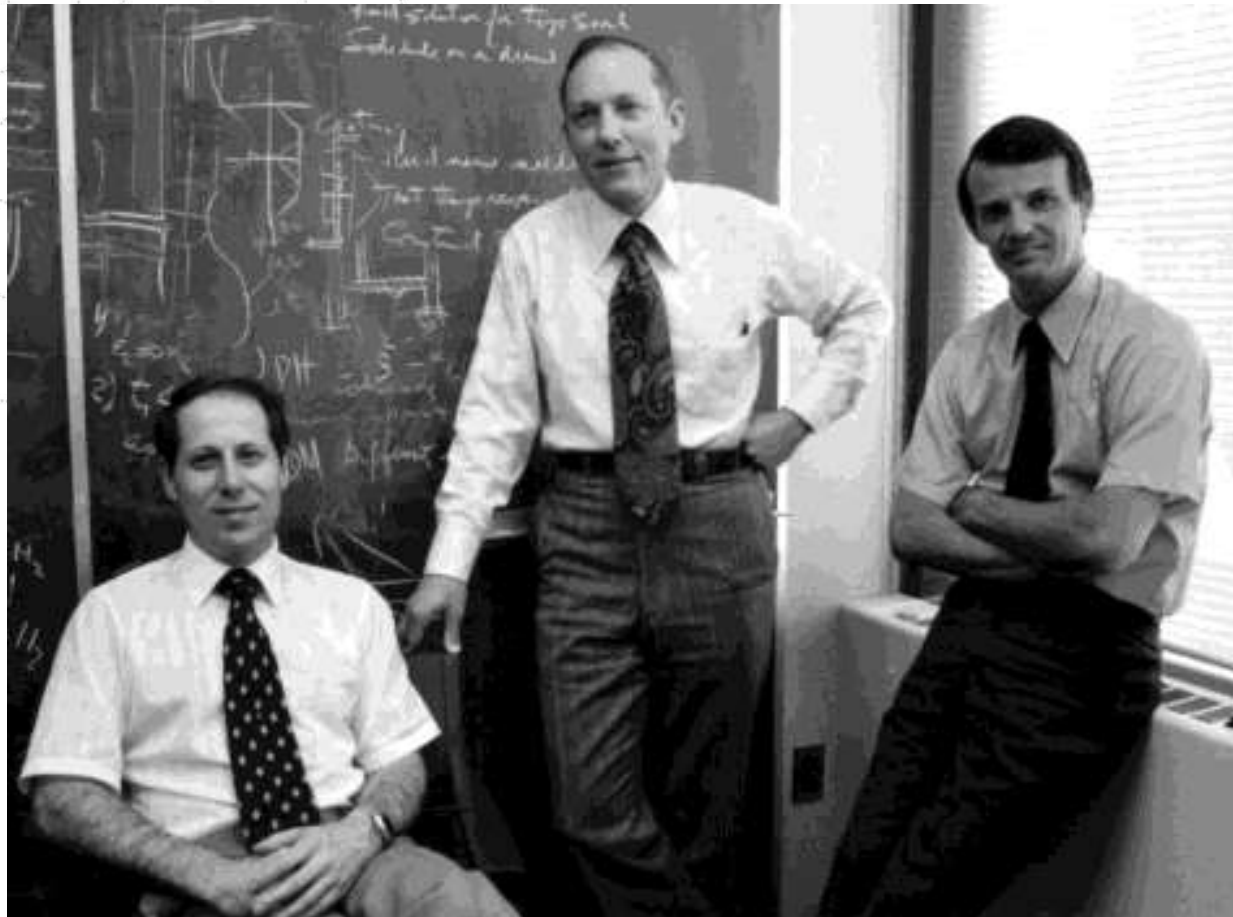
- Demonstrou que era possível usar fibras ópticas com atenuações inferiores a 20 dB/km.

- K. C. Kao, G. A. Hockham (1966), "Dielectric-fibre surface waveguides for optical frequencies", Proc. IEE 113 (7): 1151–1158.



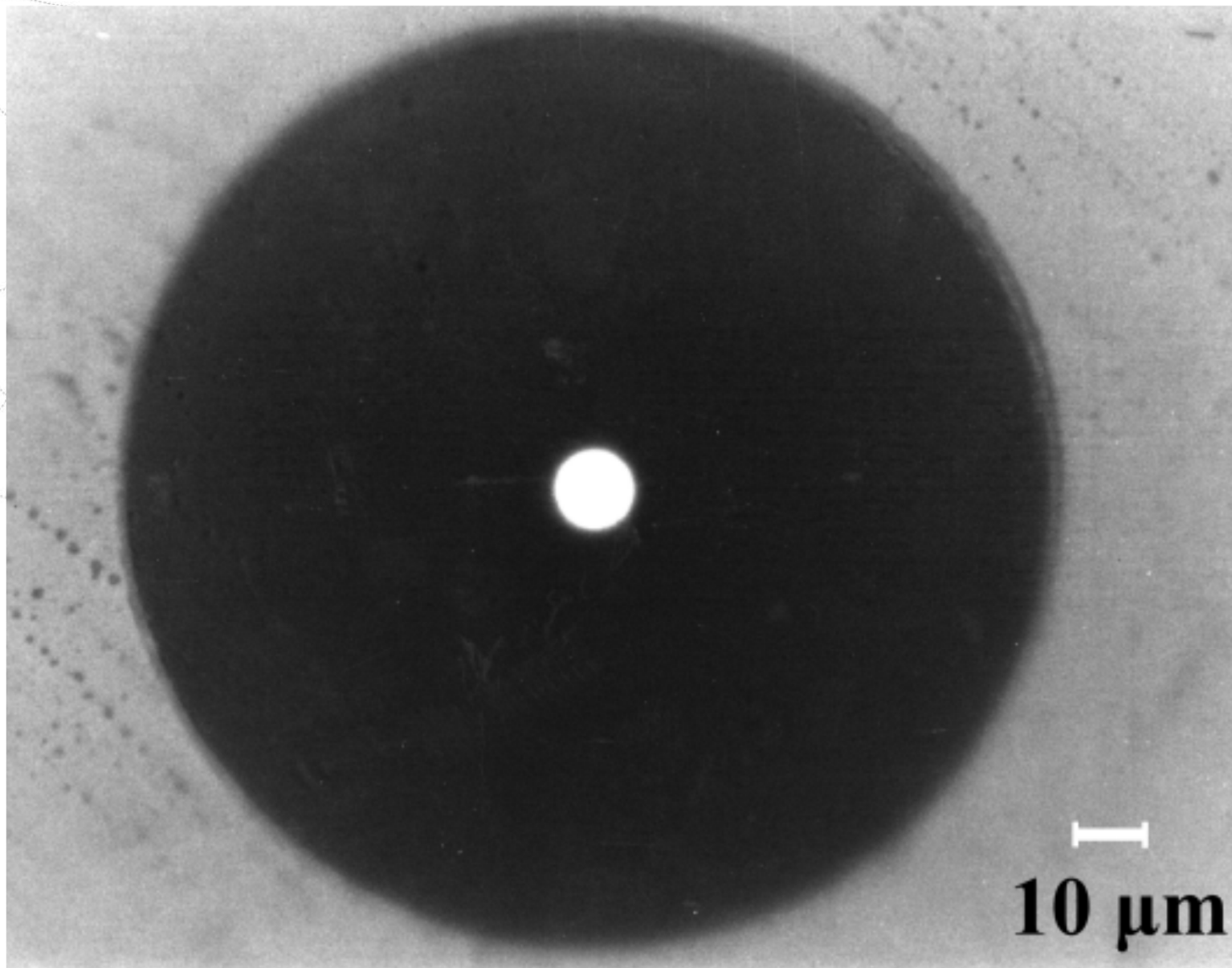


Produção comercial pela Corning

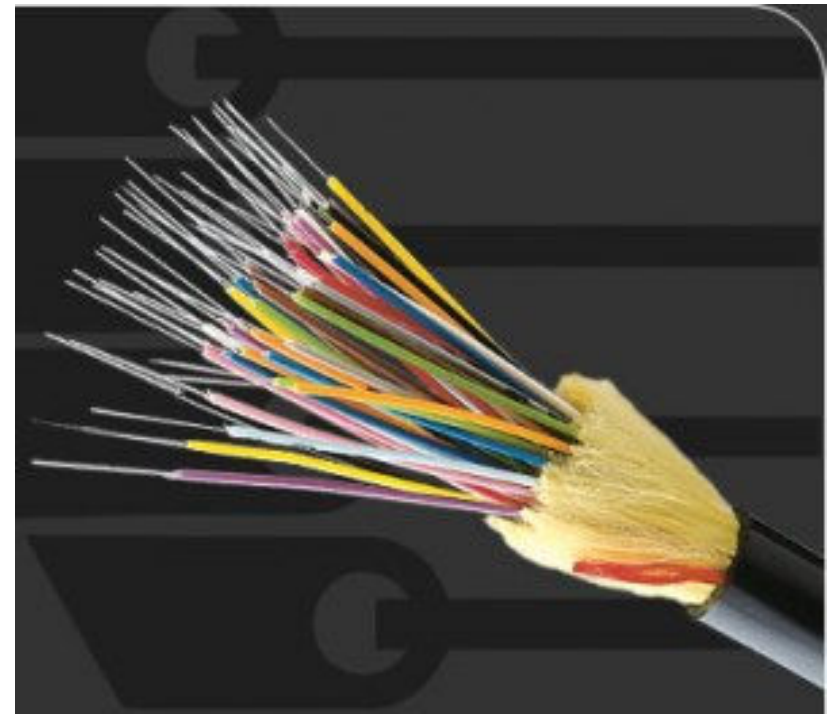
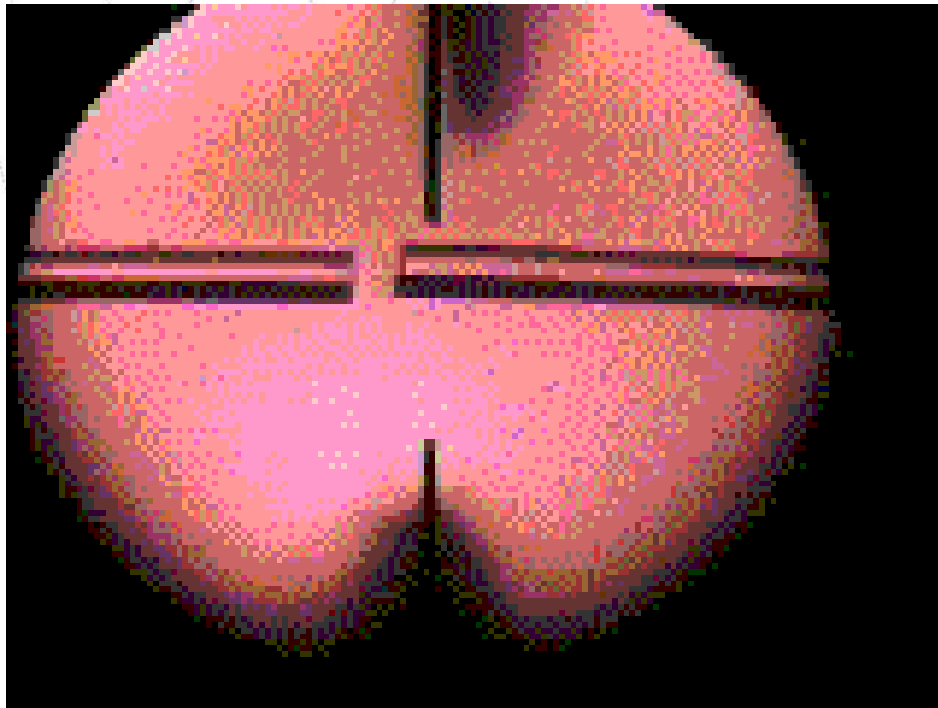


Keck, Maurer and Schultz





Como se faz a união de 2 fibras ?

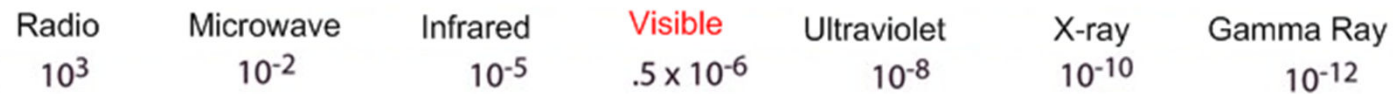


Qual a cor ?

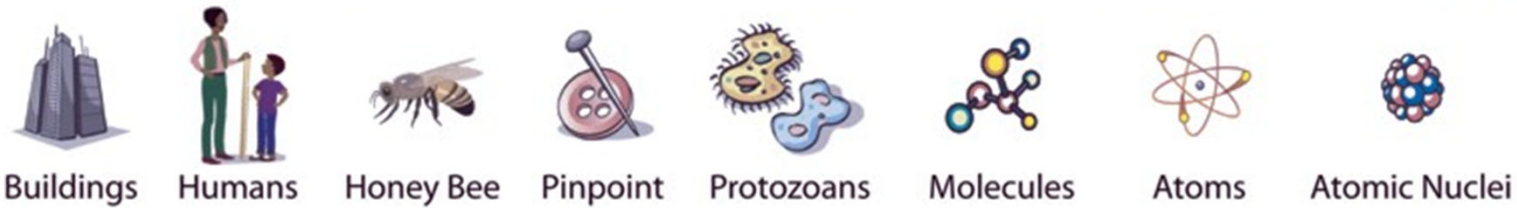
Penetrates Earth Atmosphere?



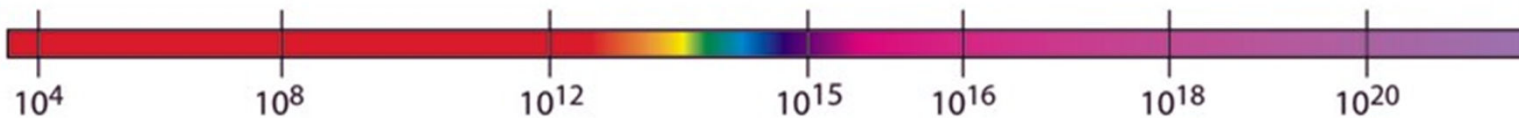
Wavelength (meters)



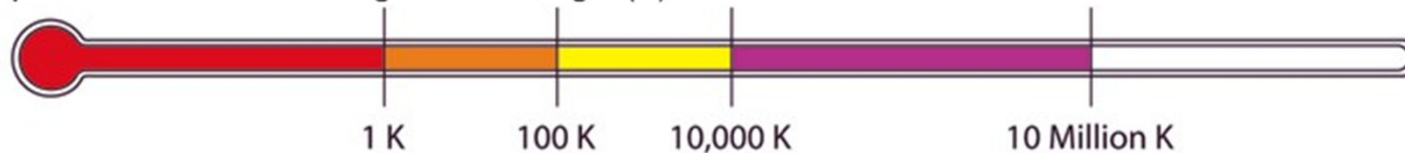
About the size of...

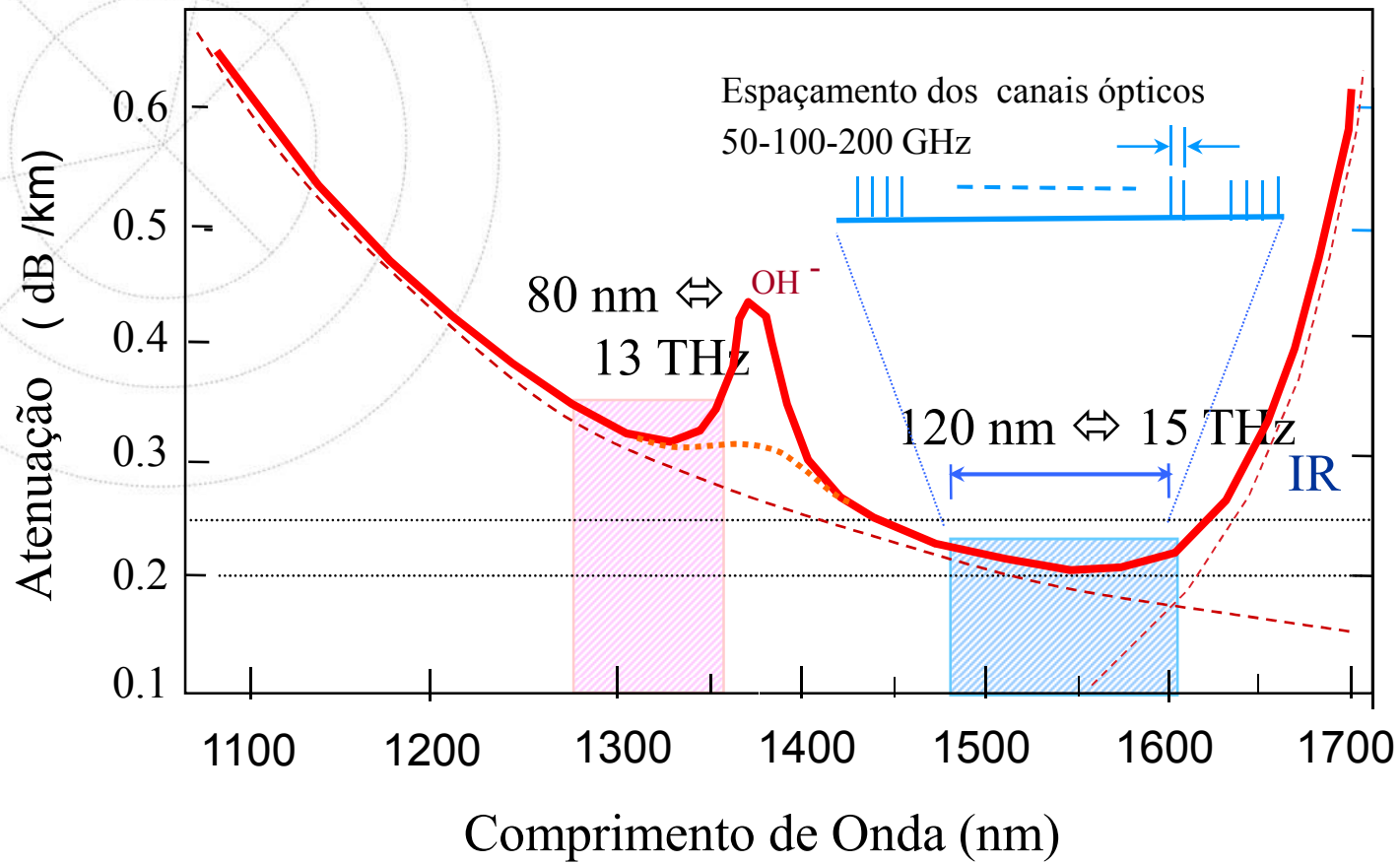


Frequency (Hz)



Temperature of bodies emitting the wavelength (K)

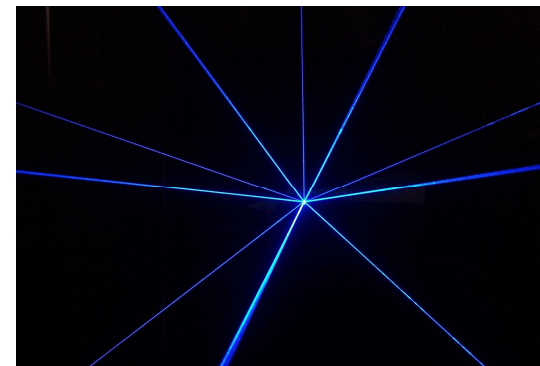
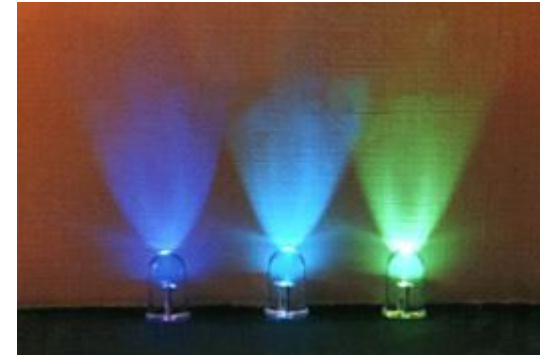




As fontes de luz

Para chegar mais longe teremos que ter a luz orientada (colimada) e pura (monocromática).

Solução: O LASER (1958)



Light Amplification by Stimulated Emission of Radiation

Amplificação de Luz por Emissão Estimulada de Radiação

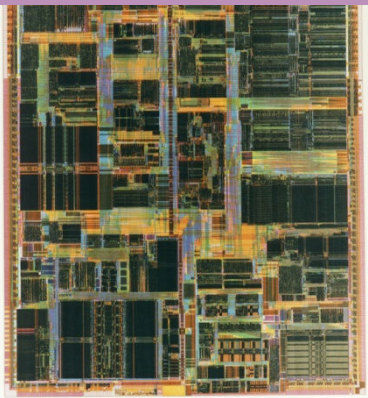
Invenção do LASER



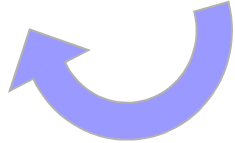
A partir de 1958, a história das comunicações ópticas prende-se com os Bell Labs.

<http://www.bell-labs.com/history/laser/invention/invention1.html>

Pentium, 1997,
Intel



50 anos



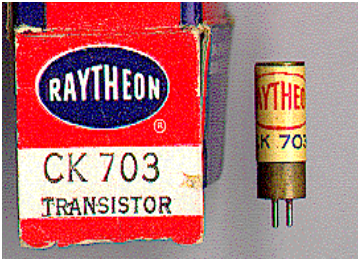
de 1 a 10^7
transistores



1º Transistor, 1947
Bell Labs: Bardeen,
Brattain,
e Shockley



1º circuito integrado,
1958
Jack Kilby, Texas Inst.



Encapsulamento



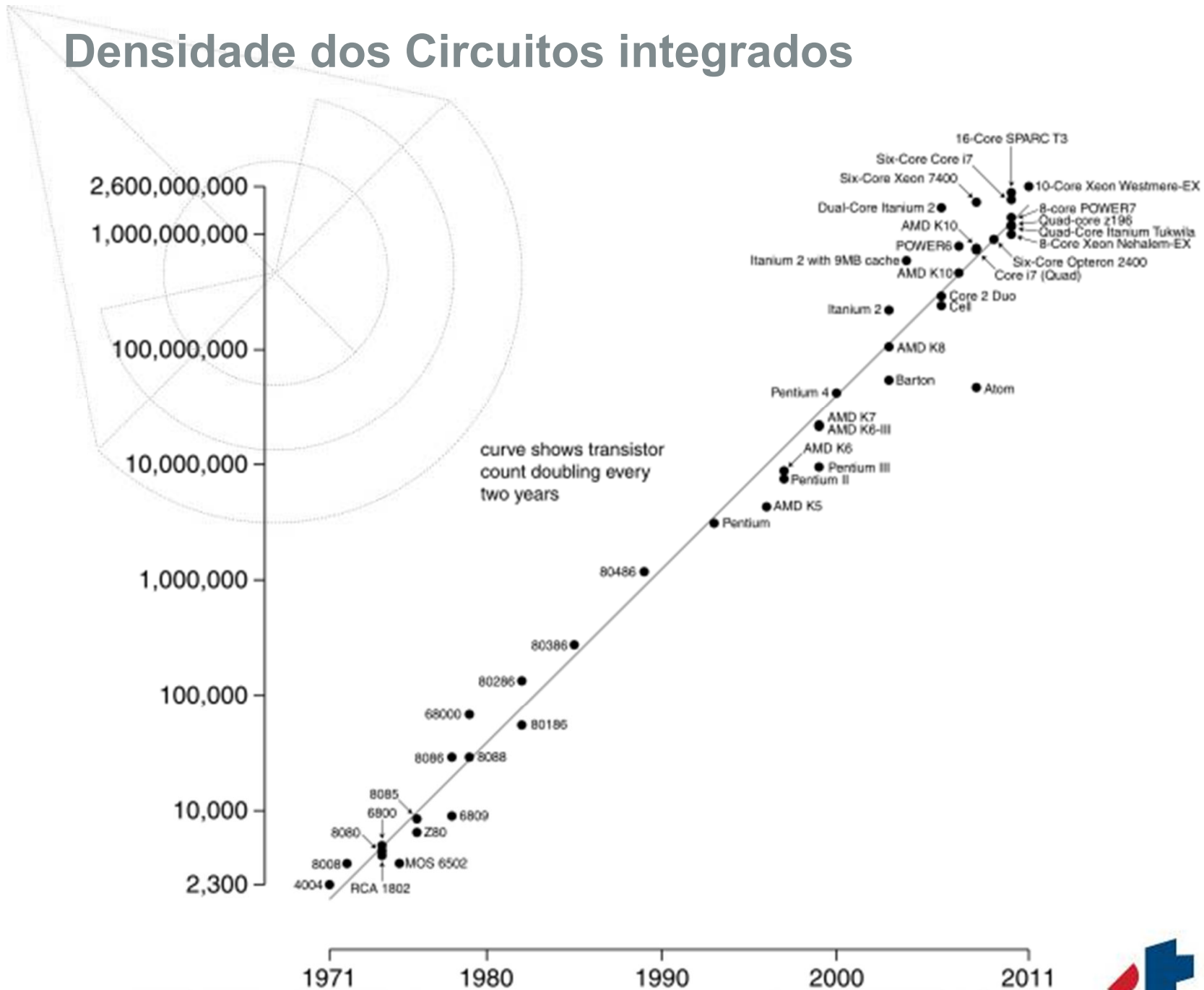
Gordon Moore, Moore's Law, 1965

“The number of transistors per unit area has doubled every year since the integrated circuit was invented, and this trend is likely to continue for the foreseeable future”.

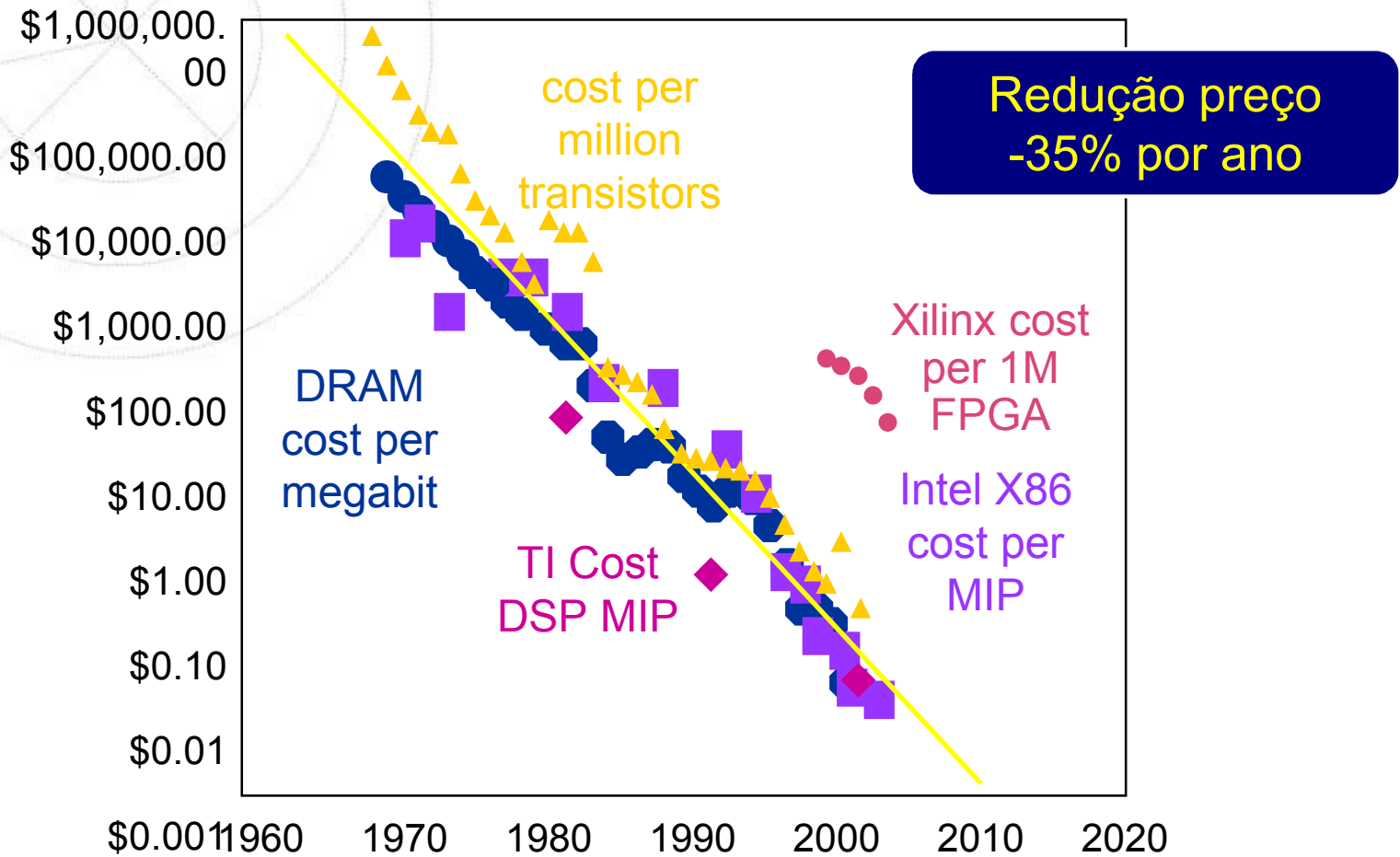
Em 1975, Moore alterou a estimativa. Tempo de duplicação passou a ser 18-24 meses.



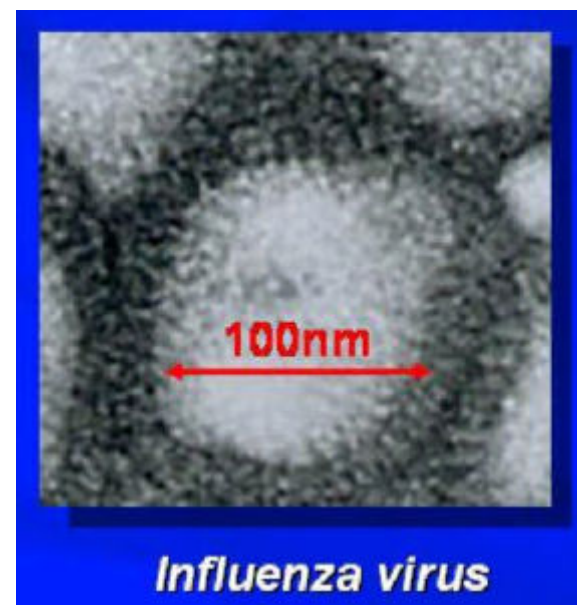
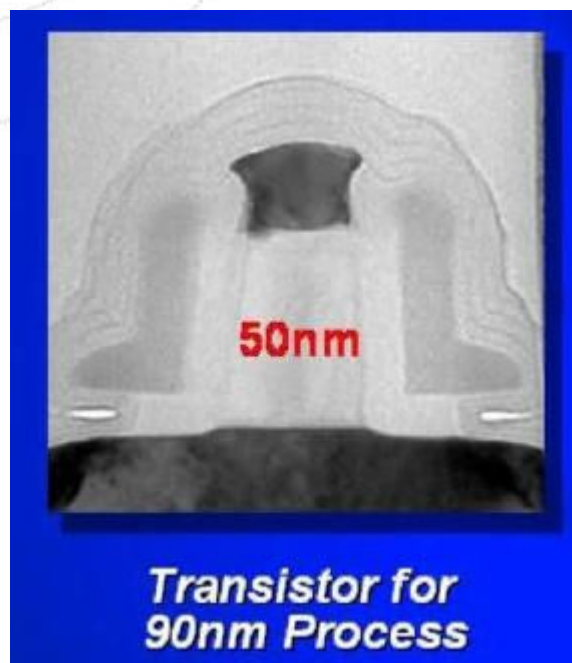
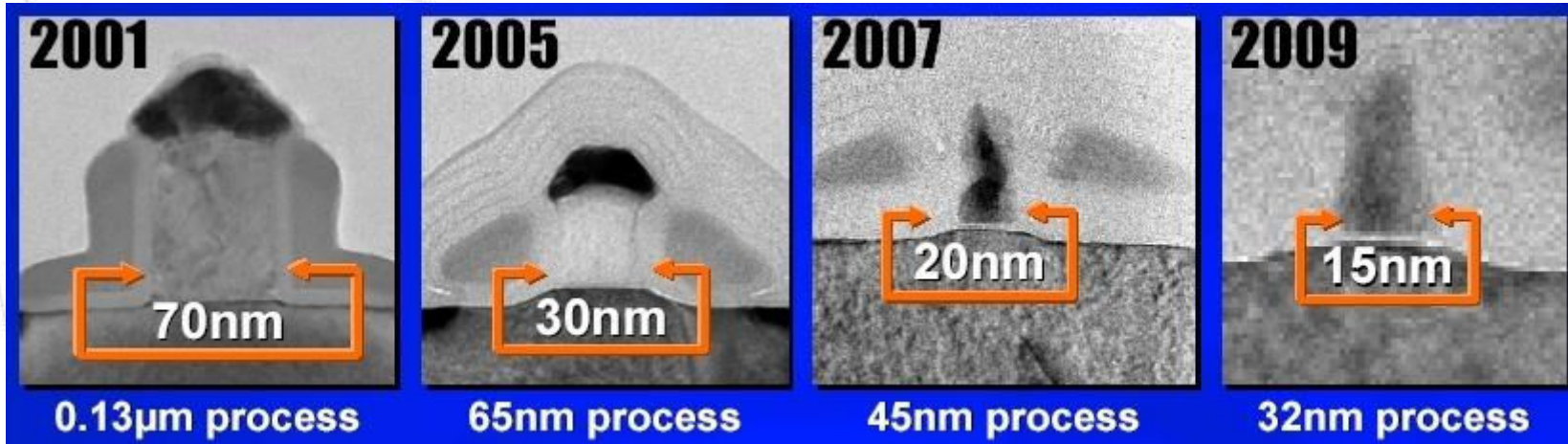
Densidade dos Circuitos integrados

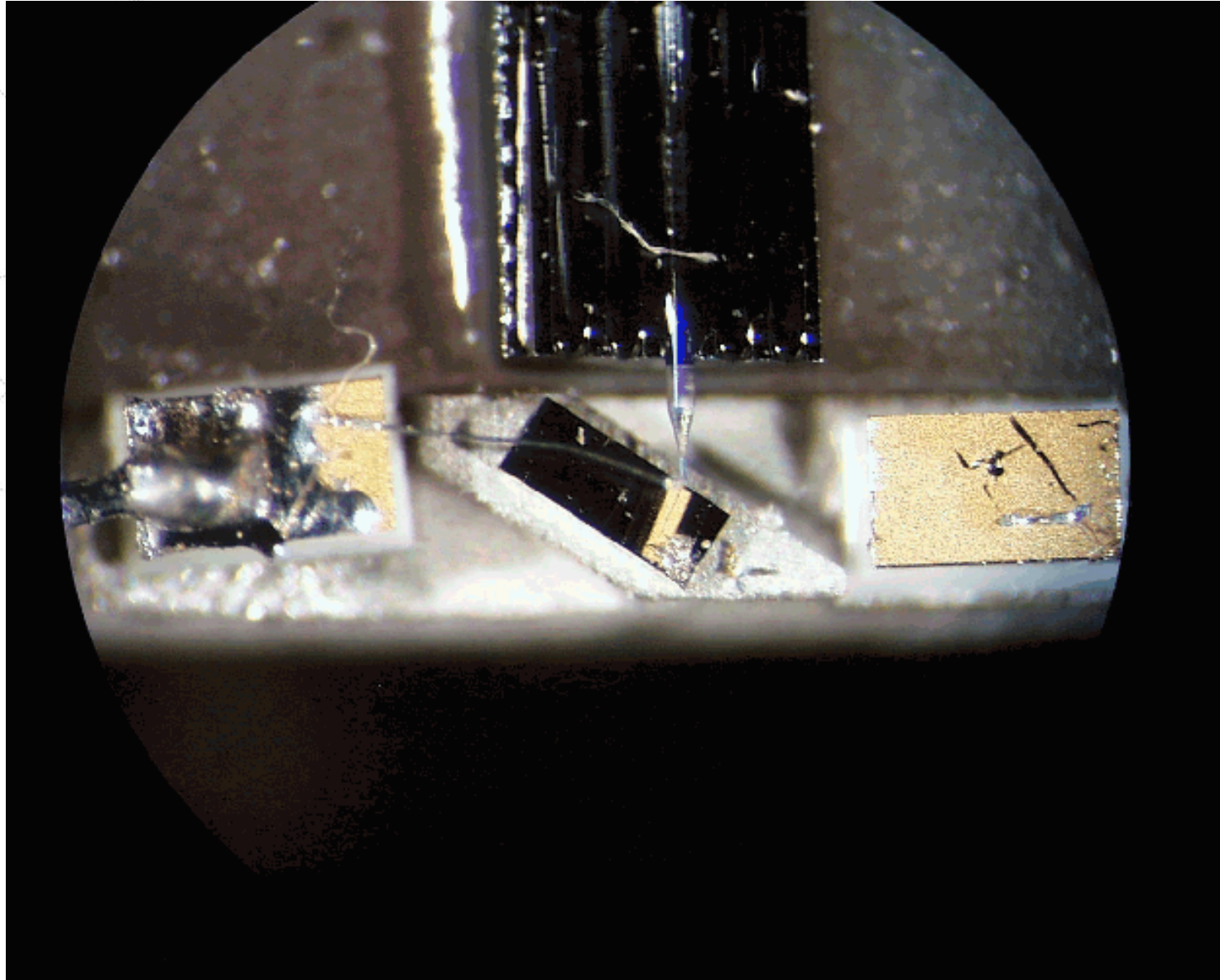


Custo Circuitos integrados

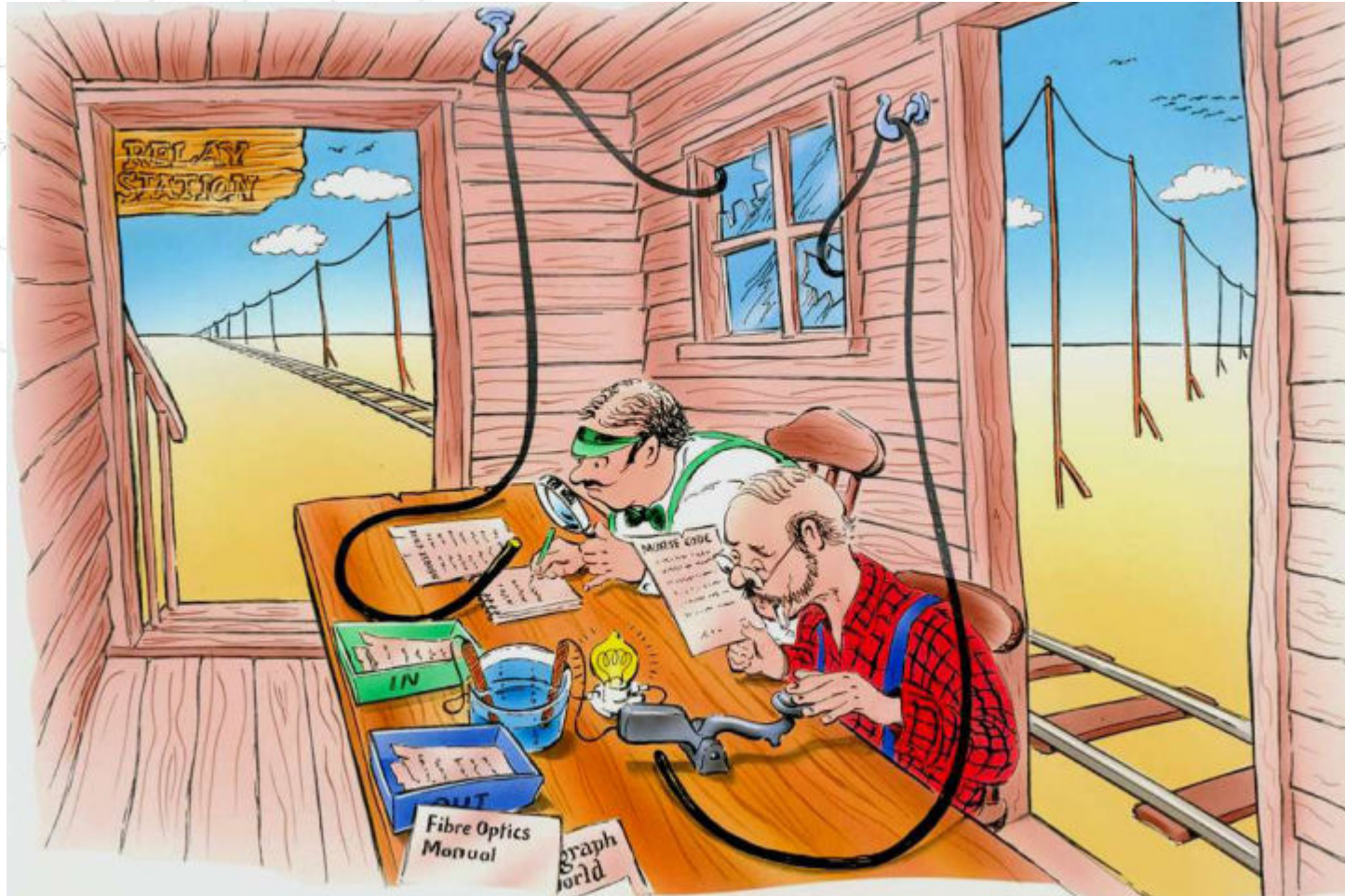


www.icknowledge.com/economics/productcosts4.html

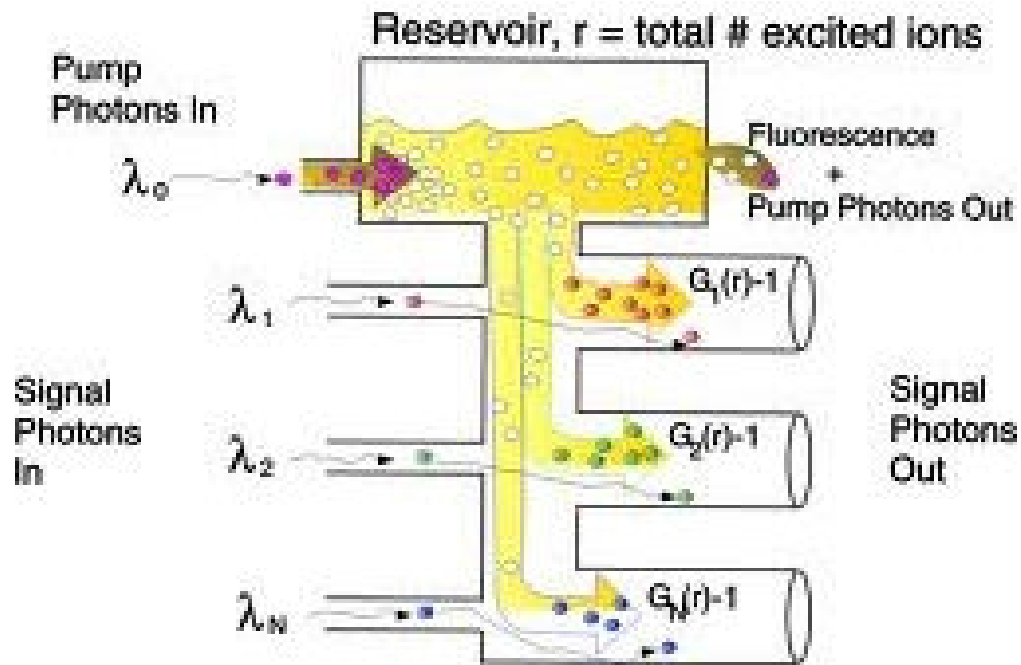




Amplificação óptica para aumentar a distância de transmissão.



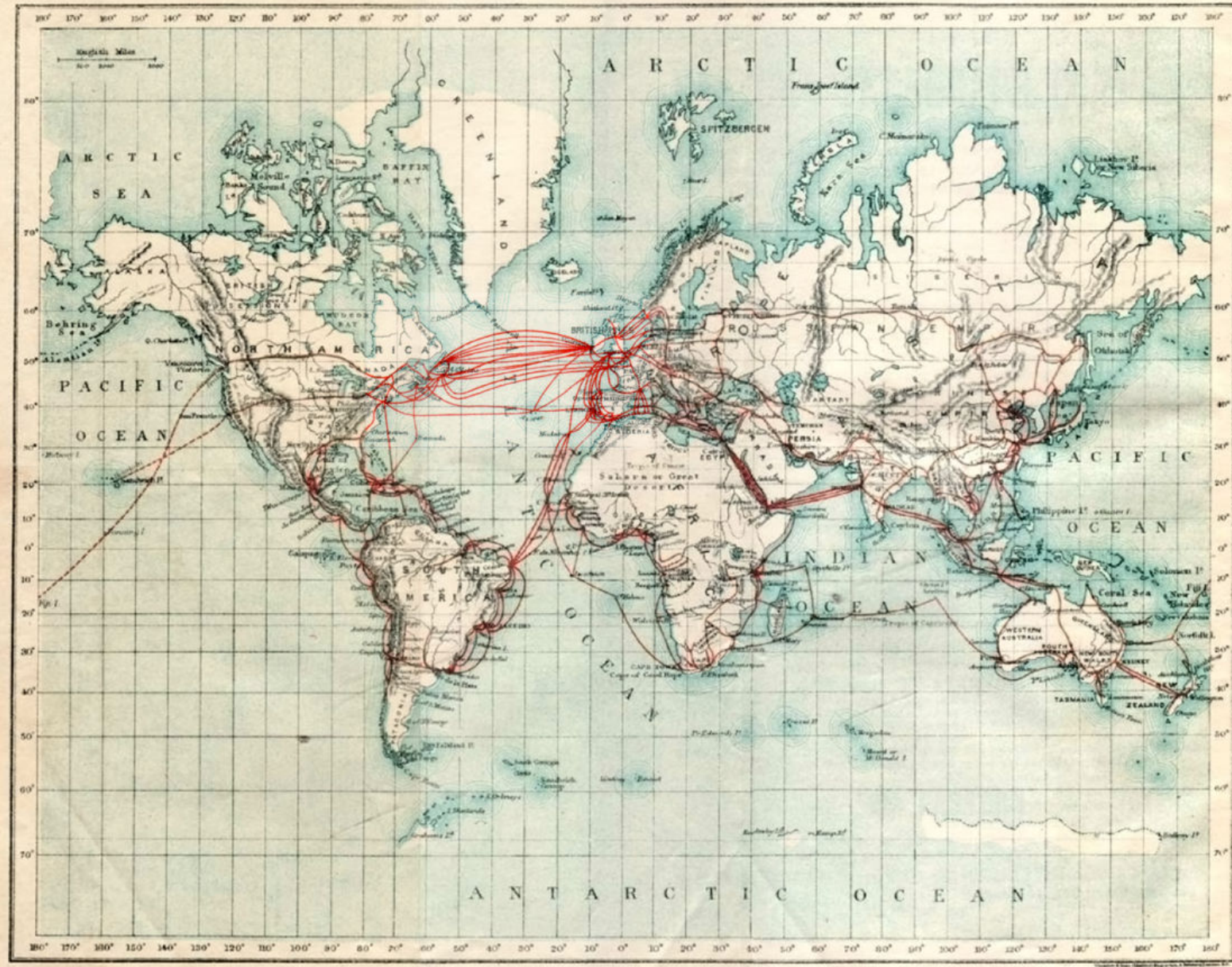
Amplificadores de fibra dopada com Érbio



Desurvire, Giles, Payne



EASTERN TELEGRAPH CO'S SYSTEM AND ITS GENERAL CONNECTIONS.

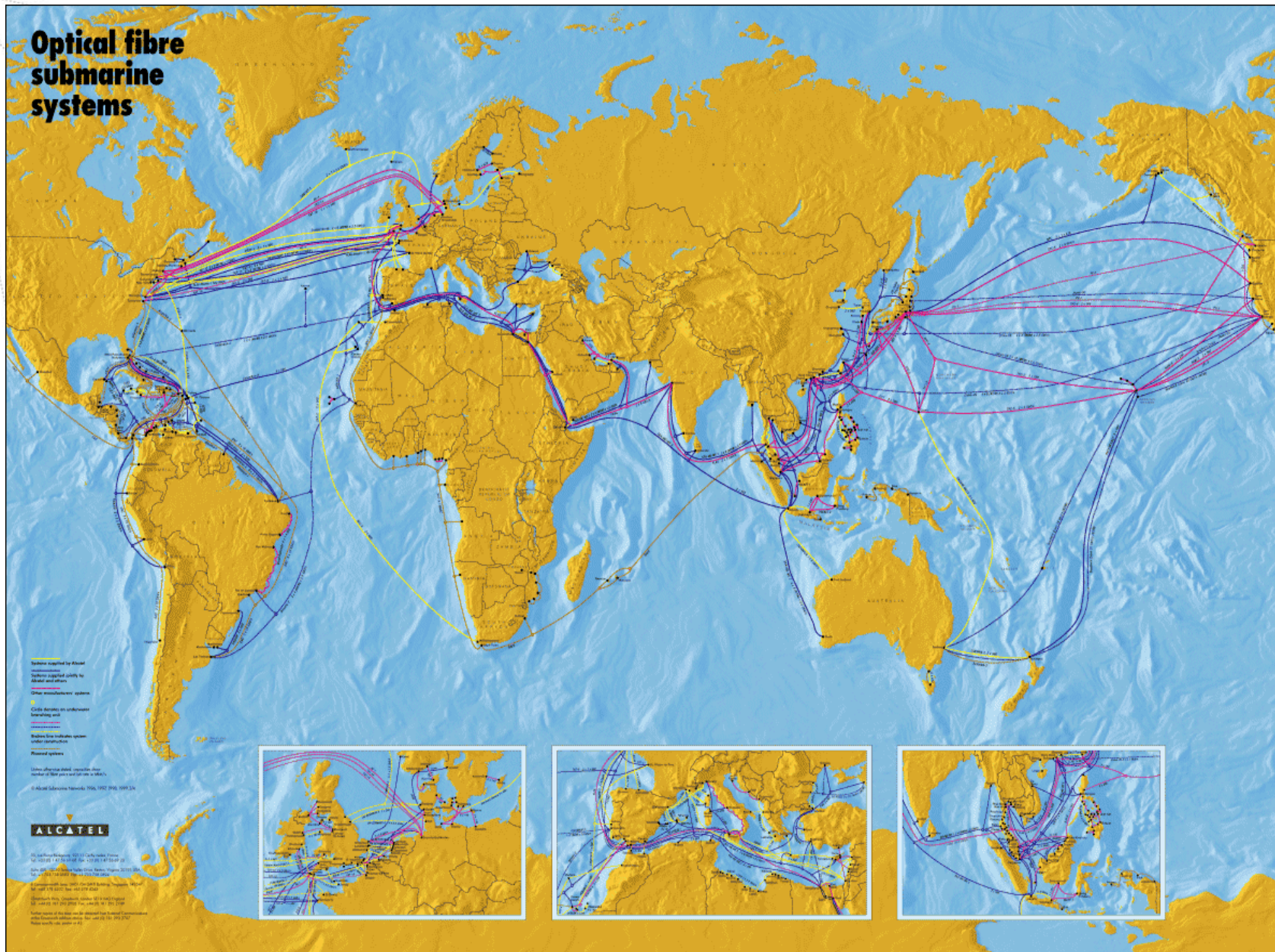


1901

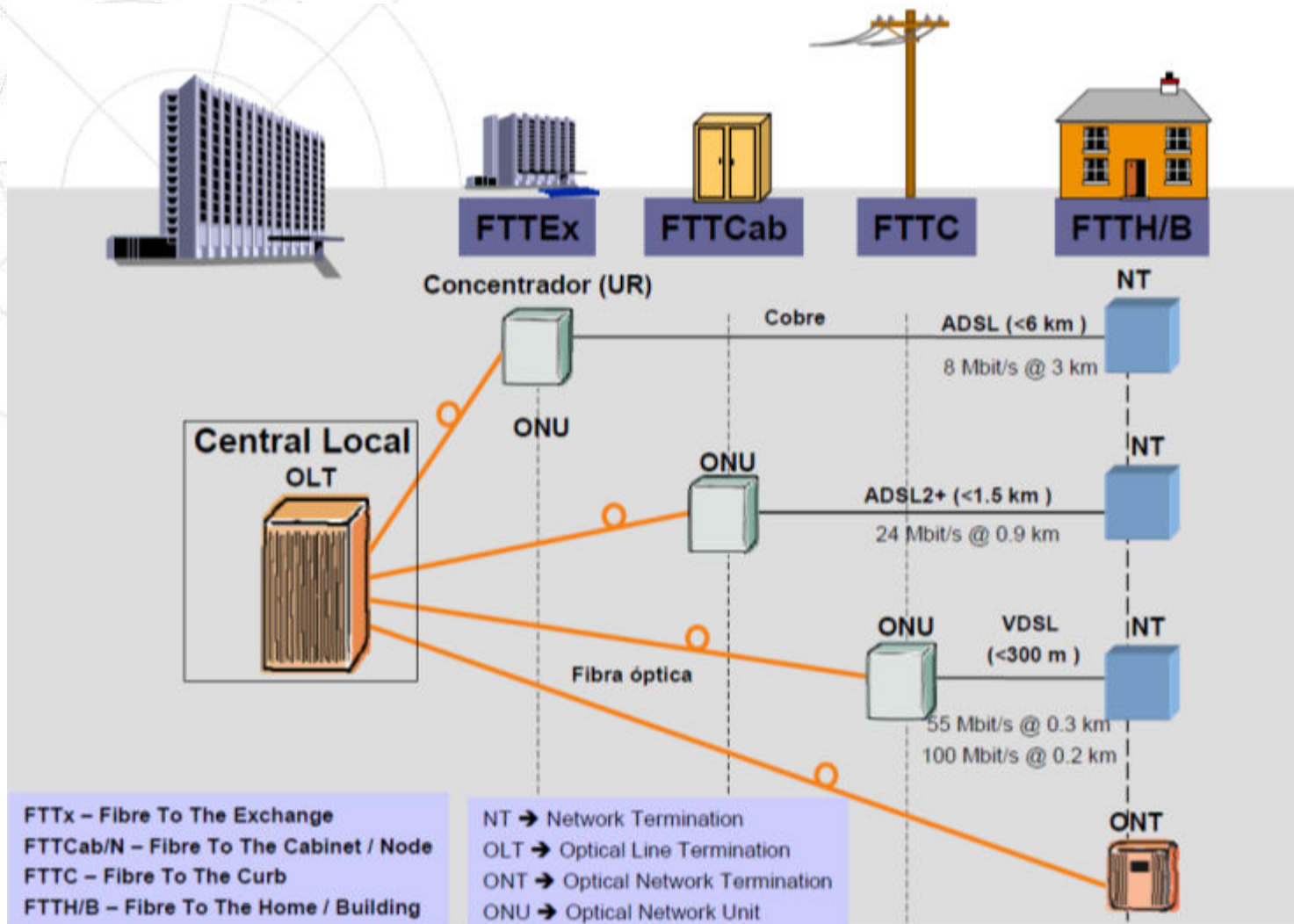


instituto de
telecomunicações

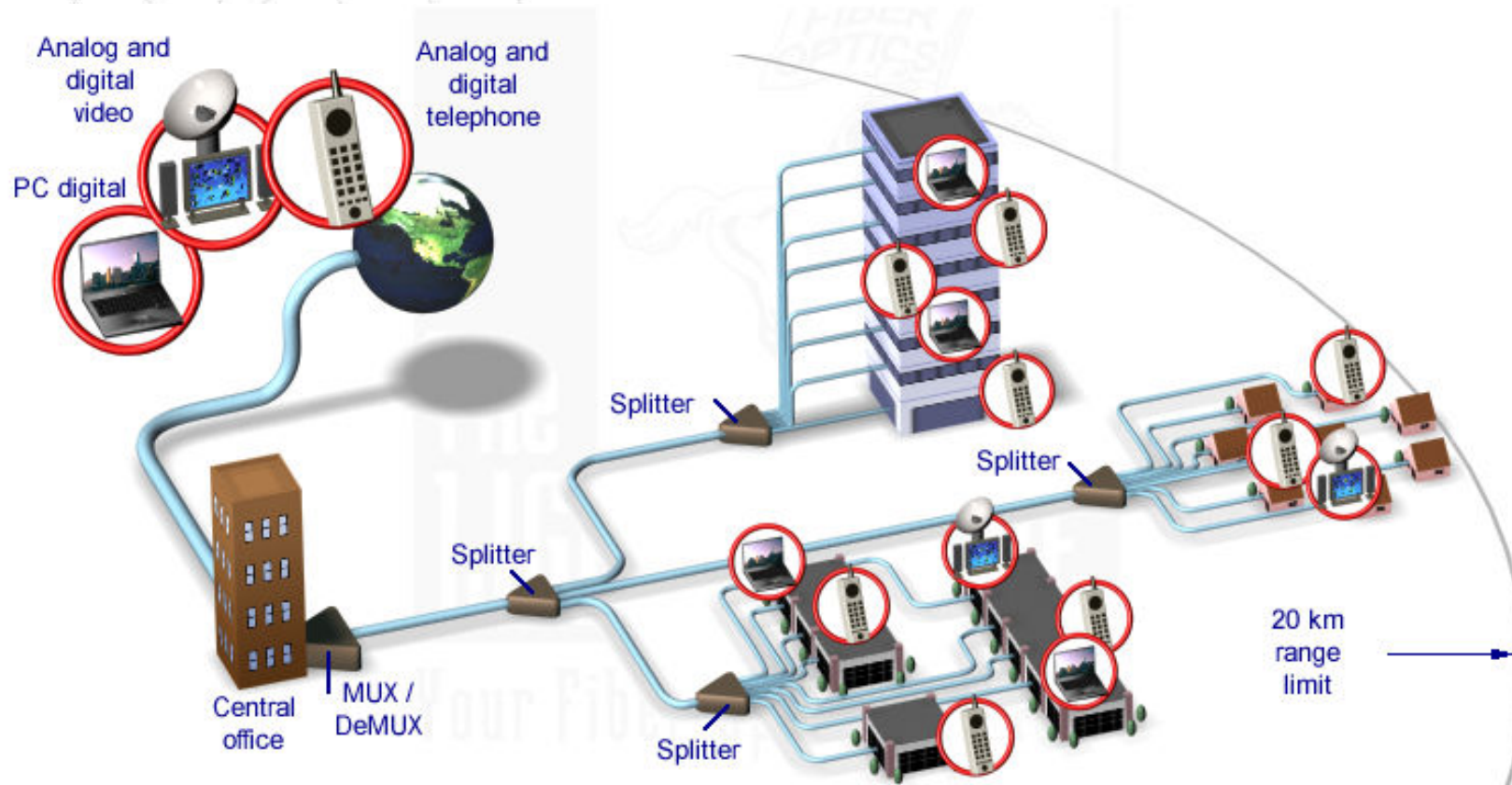
Optical fibre submarine systems



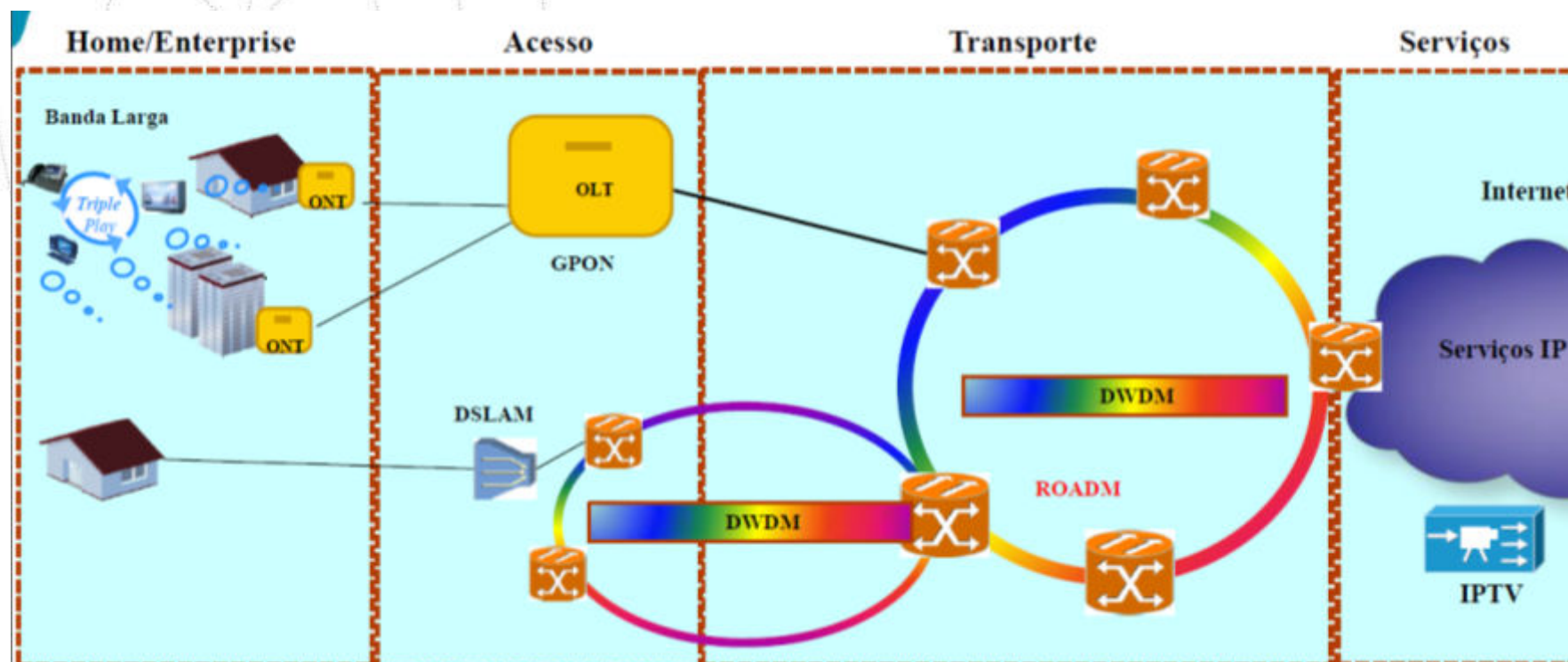
Rede de acesso

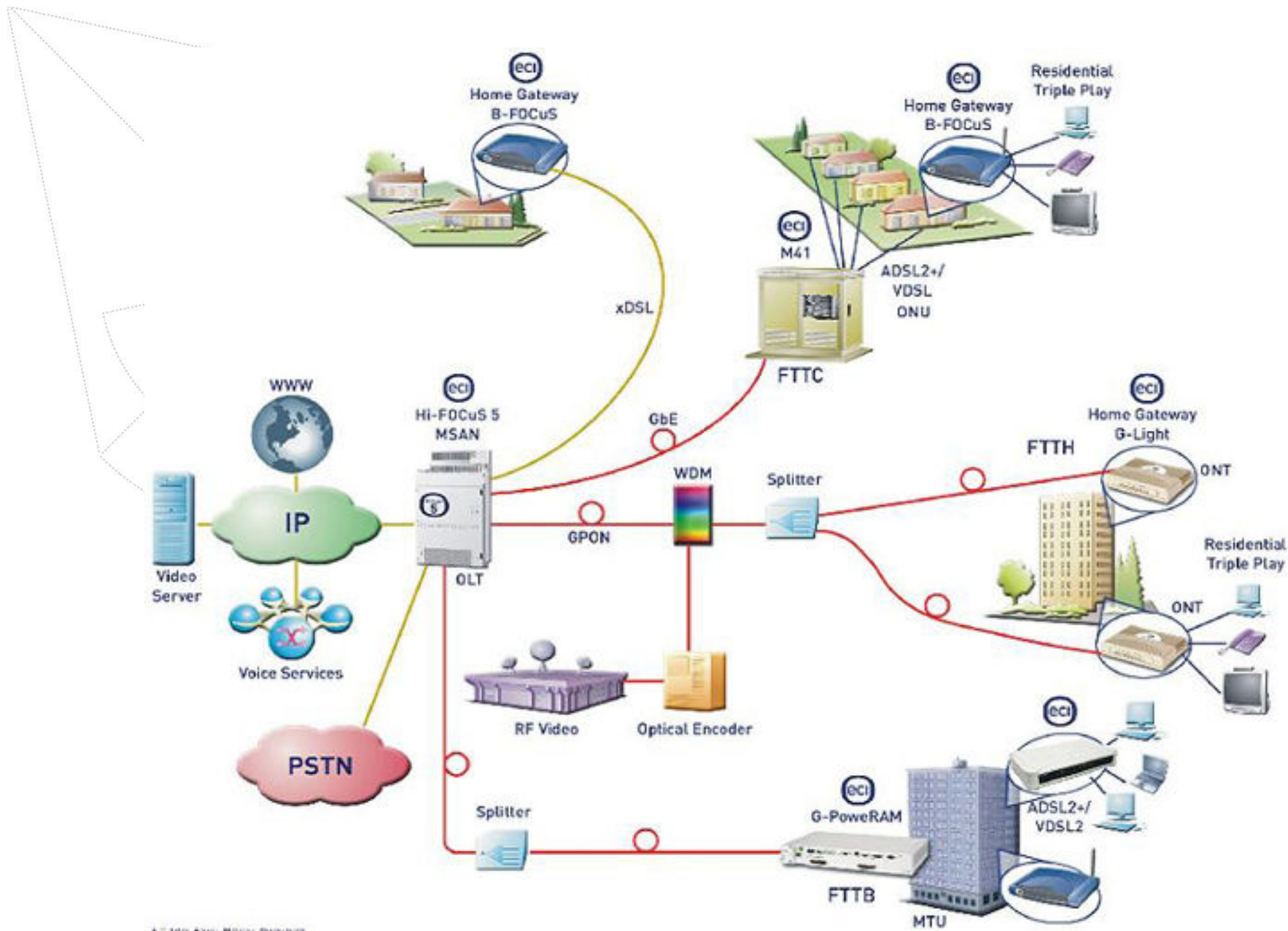


Convergência serviços



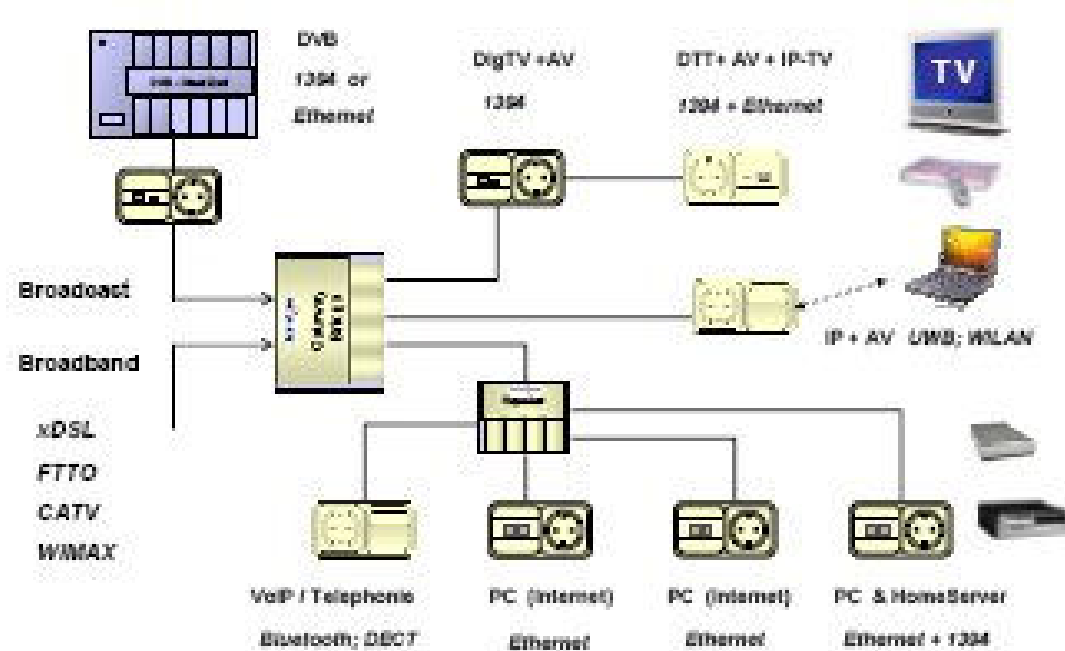
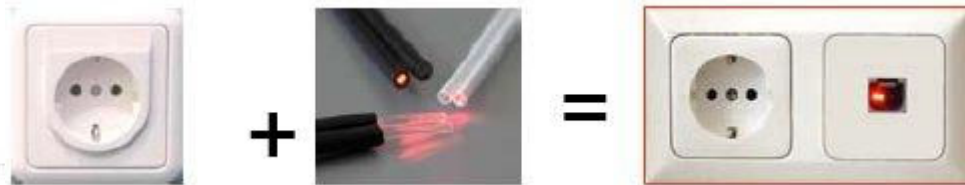
Ótica em toda a rede de comunicações

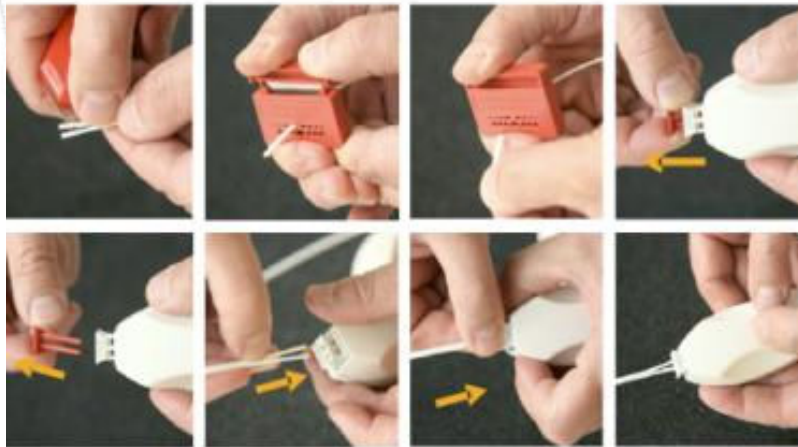
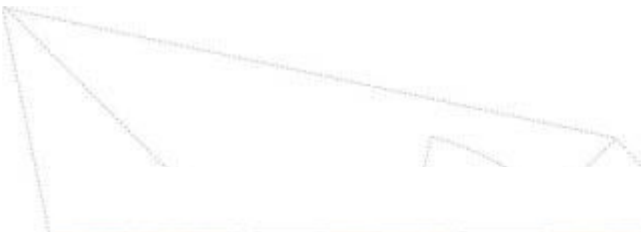




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Redes interiores





POF in-car network evolution

Plastic optical fibre (POF) was first used extensively in industrial field buses such as PROFIBUS, SERCOS and INTERBUS-S for controlling process equipment in rugged, electromagnetically noisy manufacturing environments, but in 1998 Daimler-Benz put the first POF bus into a serial production vehicle. This bus, called the Digital Domestic Bus (D²B), used 650 nm LEDs and standard step-index POF with a 1 mm core diameter. Operating at 5.6 Mb/s, this system transmitted signals for sound systems and speech recognition, and speech, audio and control data for phones.

In 2001 BMW joined in, introducing the byteflight POF bus into its 7 Series vehicles for an airbag sensor deployment network capable of operating at 10 Mb/s.

Later that year the same company installed the first Media Oriented Systems Transport (MOST) POF-based multimedia bus in its 7 Series, which was a major milestone for POF-based automotive networks.

Based largely on the same physical layer as the D²B network, the MOST bus operates at 22.6 Mb/s, which allows the transmission of compressed video data. Initially this system was



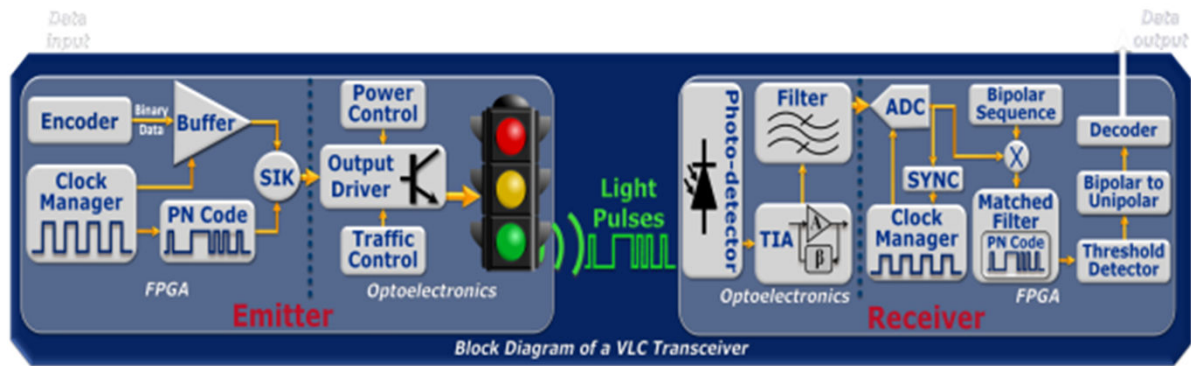
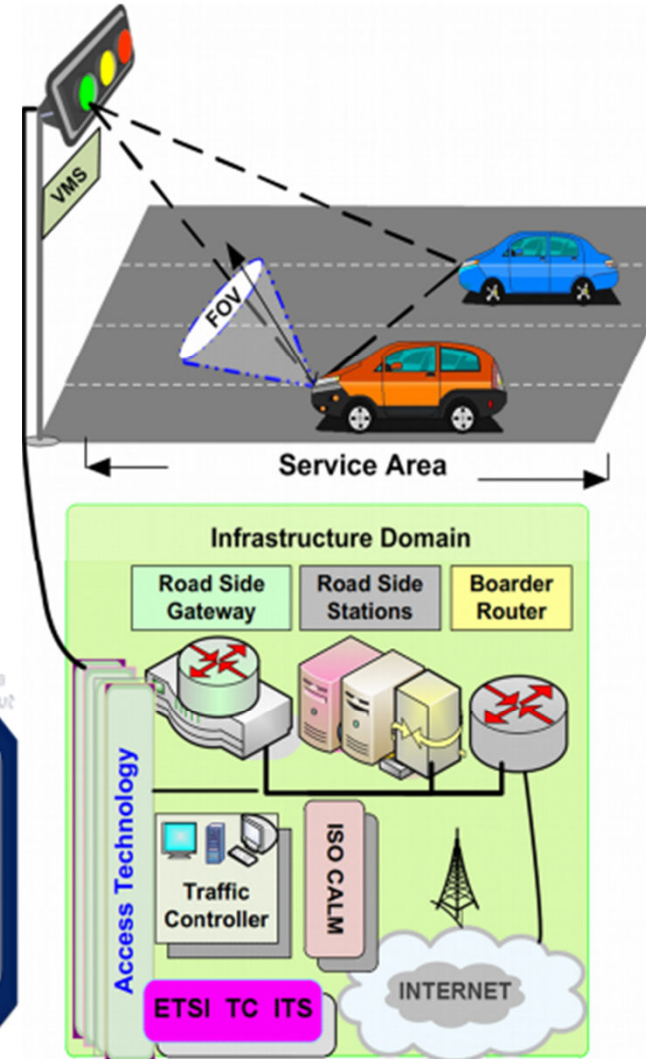
POF MOST networks first appeared in BMW's exclusive 7 Series, but they are now being deployed by a number of manufacturers in a wide range of cars, including the BMW 1 Series shown here.

introduced in top-of-the-range vehicles such as the 7 Series and the DaimlerChrysler E-Class, but now it is featuring in more than 30 different cars, including the BMW 1 Series, DaimlerChrysler smart car, Mitsubishi Colt, Volvo S40, Audi 6 and Peugeot 807. Last year 12 million POF nodes were installed into cars and this figure is expected to rise to 15 million in 2006.

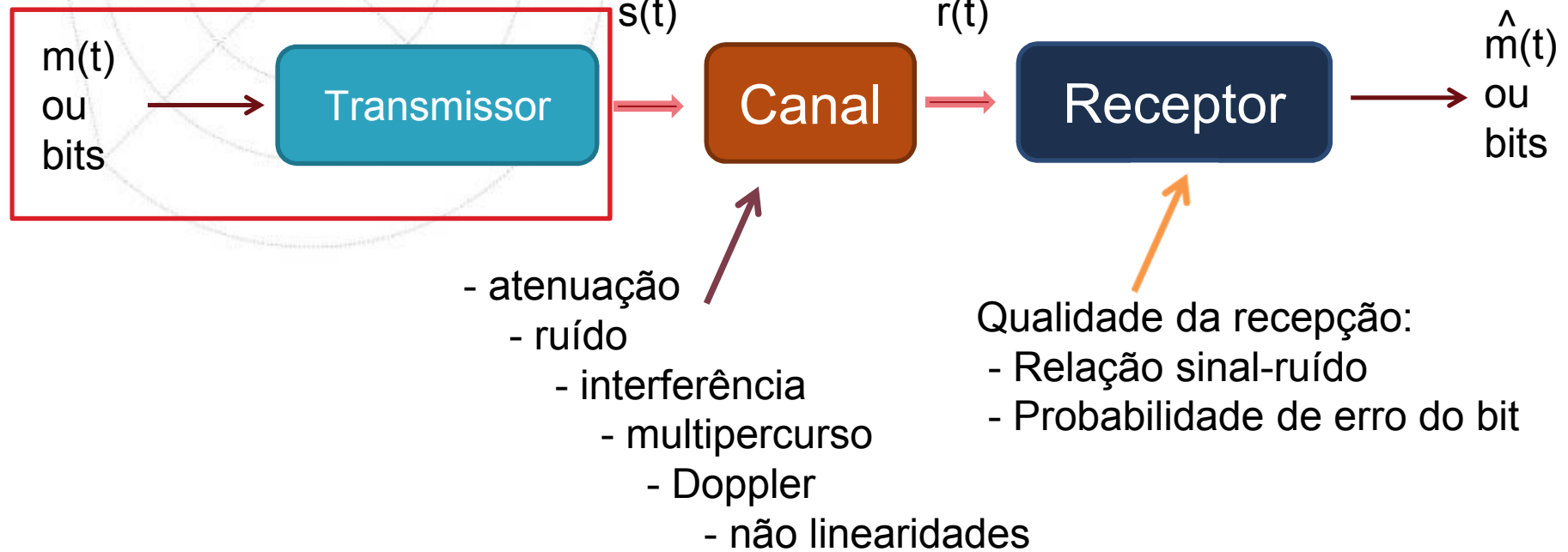
Wifi óptica

LEDs – Ritmos até 1 Gbit/s

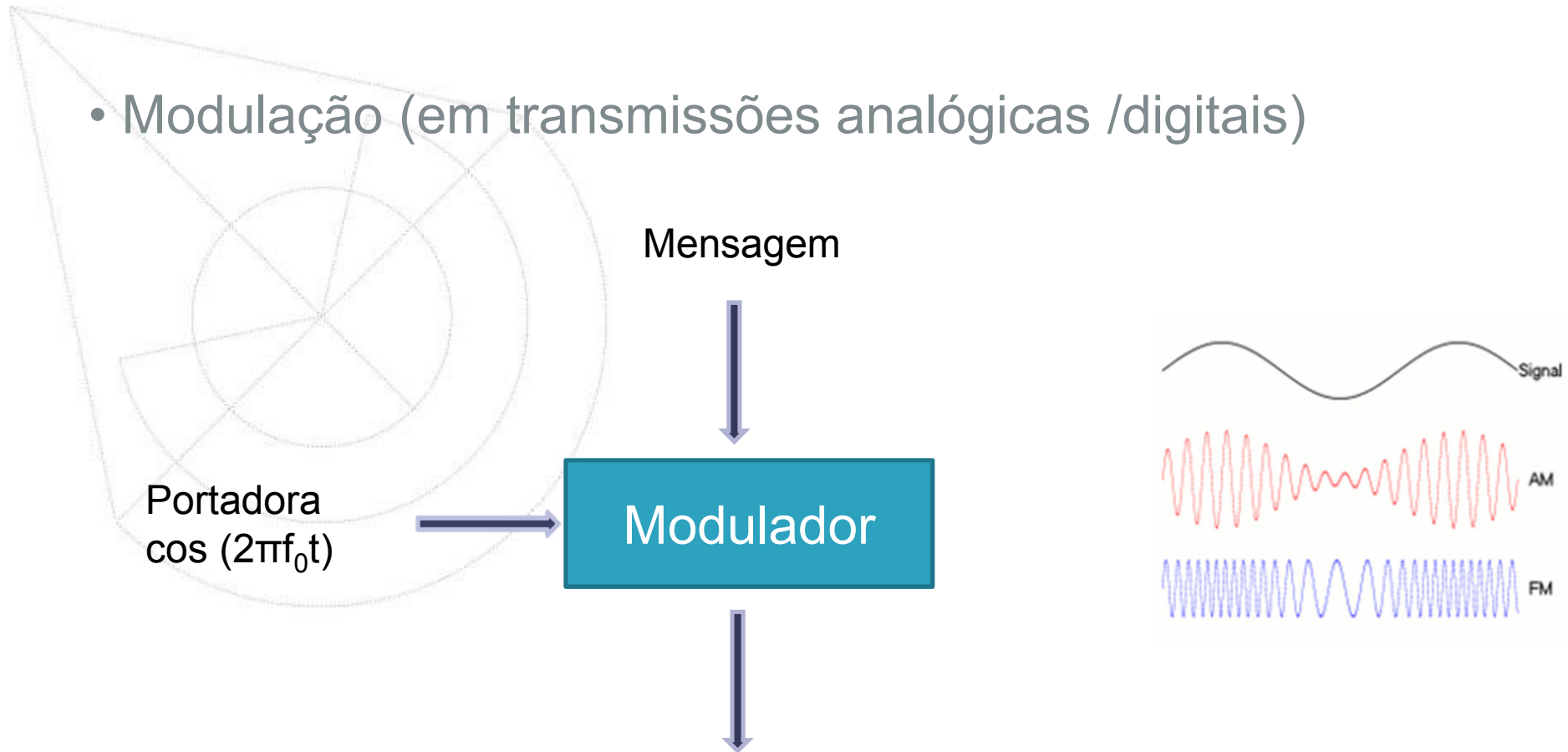
Lasers – Ritmos superiores a 1 Gbit/s



Elementos de um sistema de comunicações



- Modulação (em transmissões analógicas /digitais)

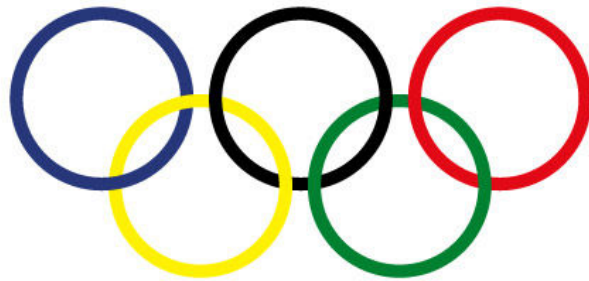


$B(t) \cos(2\pi f_0 t)$ – Modulação de amplitude (AM/ASK)

$B \cos(2\pi f_c(t)t + \Theta)$ – Modulação de frequência (FM/ASK)

$B \cos(2\pi f_0 t + \Theta(t))$ – Modulação de fase (PM/PSK)

Desafios futuros



Mais rápido
Mais alto
Mais forte



Mais longe
Mais ritmo de transmissão
Mais barato



100 anos de desenvolvimentos

- Prémio Nobel para os impulsionadores das tecnologias de comunicações dominantes.

Sem fios




Guglielmo Marconi
1909



Charles Kao
2009

Fibras ópticas



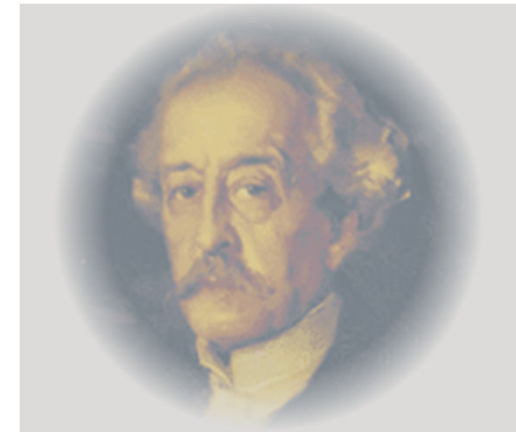
**Sand from centuries past;
Send future voices fast.**

C.K. Kao Nobel Lecture



TÉCNICO
LISBOA

O *INSTITUTO SUPERIOR TÉCNICO* foi criado com o intuito de fornecer ao País engenheiros que possuíssem não só o **saber**, mas também as **qualidades** necessárias para que, prosperando na vida profissional, contribuíssem ao mesmo tempo para o nosso progresso económico.



Alfredo Bensaúde
Primeiro Director do IST, 1911

Departamento de Engenharia Electrotécnica e de Computadores

☐ Número de Estudantes: ~ 1 450

☐ Número de Docentes: ~ 100

☐ Cursos oferecidos:

▪ Alameda

▪ MEEC – Mestrado Eng. Electrotécnica e de Computadores

▪ MEAer – Mestrado Eng. Aeroespacial

▪ Taguspark

▪ METI – Mestrado Eng. de Telecomunicações e Informática

▪ MEE – Mestrado Eng. Electrónica



	Vagas	Nota [0-20]
MEEC	220	16,0
MEAer	85	18,5
MEE	33	13,7
METI	68	13,4

Obrigado

